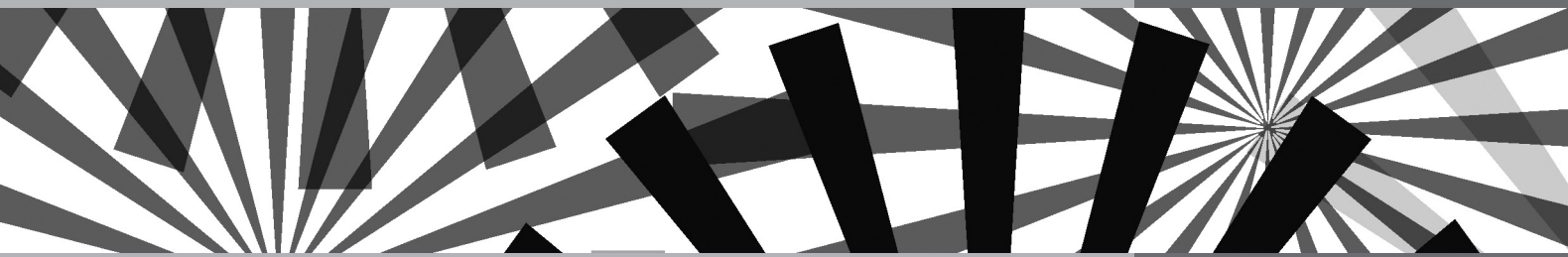


Jenny Quintana

# New ENGLISH FILE

Elementary  
Test Booklet



**This Test Booklet contains:**

- **an Entry test**
- **tests for each File, in A and B versions**  
Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation  
Reading and Writing  
Listening and Speaking
- **an extended End-of-course test, in A and B versions**
- **a Key**

OXFORD

In this test booklet you'll find:

- an **Entry test**
- a test for each File of *New English File Elementary*, in A and B versions
- an **End-of-course test**, in A and B versions

## The Entry test

This is an optional test which covers some of the key Grammar and Vocabulary points from the first four lessons (1A, 1B, 1C, 1D) of *New English File Elementary*. You may want to give your students this test so that you can get an idea of their starting level – for example, are they complete beginners or do they have some knowledge of English already, and how much basic language do they know? If your students are at a very low level, look out for the **Extra support** ideas in the Teacher's Book. If they are stronger, look out for the **Extra challenge** ideas.

## The A and B tests

There are two versions (A and B) of each File test and of the End-of-course test (except the Speaking tests, which are designed for students to do in pairs). If your students don't copy each other then you can just use the A tests. If your students do copy each other then put them in pairs, one with an A test and one with a B test – it's almost impossible for them to copy each other's answers. (The A and B tests cover exactly the same material, but the questions have been changed and reorganized.)

The skills tests include KET-type exercises which reflect the format of the KET exam.

## Listening tests

All the Listening tests re-use listenings from the Student's Book. Some students may remember the contexts of the listenings, but they are very unlikely to remember the detail, and the listening exercises are all KET-type tasks which are different from the tasks that students have already done.

The Listening numbers **1.19** are indicated in the Answer key.

## Answer key

The Answer key for the tests starts on page 71. There are separate keys for the A and B versions of the tests.

All the Tests consist of:

- Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation 

50
----
- Reading and Writing 

25
----
- Listening and Speaking 

25
----
- Total score 

100
-----

If you only do 'Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation', double your students' mark to give a total score out of 100, e.g.

Grammar, Vocabulary, Pronunciation mark 

38	50
----	----

Total score 

76	100
----	-----

If you do 'Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation' and 'Reading and Writing', but not 'Listening and Speaking', double your students' 'Reading and Writing' mark to give a percentage, e.g.

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation mark 

38	50
----	----

Reading, Writing mark 18/25 = 

36	50
----	----

Total score 

74	100
----	-----

There are marking guidelines for Writing and Speaking on page 3.

*These tests may be photocopied freely for classroom use. They may not be adapted, printed, or sold without the permission of Oxford University Press.*

**WRITING 10 MARKS****Task completion**

The task is fully completed and the answer easy to understand.

4 marks

**Grammar**

The student uses appropriate structures to achieve the task.

Minor errors do not obscure the meaning.

3 marks

**Vocabulary**

The student uses a sufficient range of words and phrases to communicate the message clearly.

3 marks

**SPEAKING 15 MARKS****Interactive communication**

The student communicates effectively with his / her partner, asking and answering simple questions, and where necessary initiating conversation, and responding. The student uses appropriate strategies to complete the task successfully.

5 marks

**Grammar and Vocabulary**

The student uses a sufficient range of vocabulary and structure to communicate clearly. Minor occasional errors do not impede communication.

5 marks

**Pronunciation**

The student's intonation, stress, and articulation of sounds make the message clear and comprehensible.

5 marks

## GRAMMAR

### The verb *be*

Tick (✓) the correct sentence A, B, or C.

- Example: A He British. ☐  
 B He are British. ☐  
 C He's British. ☒
- 1 A I a student. ☐  
 B I'm a student. ☐  
 C I be a student. ☐
- 2 A What your name? ☐  
 B What are your name? ☐  
 C What's your name? ☐
- 3 A Are they American? ☐  
 B They are American? ☐  
 C Is they American? ☐
- 4 A She not a student. ☐  
 B She isn't a student. ☐  
 C She aren't a student. ☐
- 5 A We is Spanish. ☐  
 B We are Spanish. ☐  
 C We be Spanish. ☐
- 6 A They not are teachers. ☐  
 B They not teachers. ☐  
 C They aren't teachers. ☐
- 7 A Are you parents Polish? ☐  
 B Your parents are they Polish? ☐  
 C Your parents Polish? ☐
- 8 A Am I in Room 7? ☐  
 B I am in Room 7? ☐  
 C Are I in Room 7? ☐
- 9 A He be from Germany. ☐  
 B He from Germany. ☐  
 C He's from Germany. ☐
- 10 A Are you Alexander? ☐  
 B You are Alexander? ☐  
 C Be you Alexander? ☐

10

### Pronouns

Tick (✓) the correct answer A, B, or C.

- Example: 'Are you French?' 'Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ am.'  
 A I ☒ B you ☐ C we ☐
- 1 'Are \_\_\_\_\_ Sean?' 'Yes, I am.'  
 A he ☐ B we ☐ C you ☐

- 2 'Is that car Japanese?' 'Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ is.'  
 A he ☐ B it ☐ C she ☐
- 3 'Are you Nick and Julia?' 'Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.'  
 A they ☐ B you ☐ C we ☐
- 4 'Are Helen and Mike from Australia?'  
 'No, \_\_\_\_\_ aren't.'  
 A they ☐ B we ☐ C you ☐
- 5 'Is Sara Scottish?' 'No, \_\_\_\_\_ isn't.'  
 A she ☐ B it ☐ C they ☐

5

### Possessive adjectives

Tick (✓) the correct answer A, B, or C.

- Example: \_\_\_\_\_ name's David.  
 A Our ☐ B My ☒ C Her ☐
- 1 He's from London. \_\_\_\_\_ name's Graham.  
 A His ☐ B Her ☐ C My ☐
- 2 I'm Irish. \_\_\_\_\_ family is from Dublin.  
 A You ☐ B My ☐ C Our ☐
- 3 Anna is American. \_\_\_\_\_ surname's Kelly.  
 A His ☐ B Our ☐ C Her ☐
- 4 My parents are very rich. That's \_\_\_\_\_ new Mercedes.  
 A their ☐ B his ☐ C her ☐
- 5 'What's \_\_\_\_\_ address?' 'I live at 33 Marston Street.'  
 A your ☐ B his ☐ C my ☐

5

### Plurals

What's the plural? Tick (✓) the correct answer A, B, or C.

- Example: one car  
 A two car ☐ B two cares ☐ C two cars ☒
- 1 one book  
 A two book ☐ B two bookes ☐ C two books ☐
- 2 one country  
 A two countries ☐ B two countrys ☐ C two countryses ☐
- 3 one watch  
 A two watch ☐ B two watches ☐ C two watches ☐
- 4 one photo  
 A two photoes ☐ B two photo ☐ C two photos ☐
- 5 one sandwich  
 A two sandwichs ☐ B two sandwiches ☐ C two sandwich ☐

5

## VOCABULARY

### Numbers 1-20

What are the numbers? Tick (✓) the correct answer.

Example: ten

10 ☒ 12 ☐ 2 ☐

three	3 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>	13 <input type="checkbox"/>
five	4 <input type="checkbox"/>	5 <input type="checkbox"/>	9 <input type="checkbox"/>
seven	2 <input type="checkbox"/>	8 <input type="checkbox"/>	7 <input type="checkbox"/>
two	3 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>	11 <input type="checkbox"/>
twelve	11 <input type="checkbox"/>	12 <input type="checkbox"/>	13 <input type="checkbox"/>
eighteen	18 <input type="checkbox"/>	16 <input type="checkbox"/>	20 <input type="checkbox"/>
twenty	12 <input type="checkbox"/>	20 <input type="checkbox"/>	15 <input type="checkbox"/>
six	9 <input type="checkbox"/>	16 <input type="checkbox"/>	6 <input type="checkbox"/>
fourteen	14 <input type="checkbox"/>	4 <input type="checkbox"/>	19 <input type="checkbox"/>
nine	11 <input type="checkbox"/>	9 <input type="checkbox"/>	13 <input type="checkbox"/>

10

### Days of the week

Complete the days of the week. Tick (✓) the correct answer.

Example: S\_\_nday

a ☐ o ☐ u ☒

1 M__nday	a <input type="checkbox"/>	o <input type="checkbox"/>	e <input type="checkbox"/>
2 Tu__sday	e <input type="checkbox"/>	i <input type="checkbox"/>	a <input type="checkbox"/>
3 Wedn__sday	e <input type="checkbox"/>	i <input type="checkbox"/>	o <input type="checkbox"/>
4 Th__rsday	e <input type="checkbox"/>	u <input type="checkbox"/>	i <input type="checkbox"/>
5 Fr__day	i <input type="checkbox"/>	o <input type="checkbox"/>	e <input type="checkbox"/>

5

### Countries and nationalities

Tick (✓) the correct answer A, B, or C.

Example: He's Chinese. He's from \_\_\_\_.

A China ☒ B china ☐ C Chinese ☐

1 He's \_\_\_\_\_. He's from France.

A France ☐ B French ☐ C french ☐

2 She's Italian. She's from \_\_\_\_.

A Italy ☐ B italy ☐ C Italia ☐

3 It's from Brazil. It's \_\_\_\_.

A Brasilian ☐ B Brazilian ☐ C Brazilian ☐

4 We're Japanese. We're from \_\_\_\_.

A Japan ☐ B Japon ☐ C Jappan ☐

5 They're from Britain. They're \_\_\_\_.

A Briton ☐ B British ☐ C britain ☐

5

### Common objects

What are these things? Tick (✓) the correct answer A, B, or C.

Example: A a foto ☐

B a photo ☒

C a photograph ☐



1 A a pencil ☐

B a pen ☐

C a writer ☐



2 A a magazine ☐

B a book ☐

C a paper ☐



3 A a telephone mobile ☐

B a compact phone ☐

C a mobile ☐



4 A an identity card ☐

B a person card ☐

C a passport ☐



5 A a money card ☐

B a banking card ☐

C a credit card ☐



5

Grammar and Vocabulary total 50

## GRAMMAR

- 1 Complete the sentences. Use contractions where possible.

Example: We 're from Italy.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ he a student?
- 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ English. We're Scottish.
- 3 'Is he in Class 4?' 'No, he \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 4 'Is Marta Spanish?' 'Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ is.'
- 5 This \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese food. It's Japanese.
- 6 'Where \_\_\_\_\_ you from?' 'I'm from Poland.'
- 7 'Are they teachers?' 'No, they \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 8 'I \_\_\_\_\_ Russian. I'm from Moscow.'

8

- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: I'm American. My family is from New York.

My Your Their

- 1 They're students. \_\_\_\_\_ names are James and Marta.  
His Her Their
- 2 Carlo is Italian, but \_\_\_\_\_ mother is British.  
his her she
- 3 It's a school. \_\_\_\_\_ name is The English School.  
His Her Its
- 4 We are students. \_\_\_\_\_ teacher is American.  
Their Our Your
- 5 This is our director. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Mark.  
His Her He
- 6 Sally, please open \_\_\_\_\_ book.  
you your you're

6

- 3 Underline the correct word.

Example: It's a / an identity card.

- 1 They're **watches** / **watchs**.
- 2 What's **this** / **these**? It's an umbrella.
- 3 Open **a** / **the** door.
- 4 **Those** / **That** students are French.
- 5 The students are from different **countrys** / **countries**.
- 6 This is **a** / **an** international school.

6

Grammar total

20

## VOCABULARY

- 4 Complete the lists with the correct word.

Example: two, four, six, eight

nine eight ten

- 1 Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, \_\_\_\_\_  
Saturday Thursday Friday
- 2 thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, \_\_\_\_\_  
forty sixty fifty
- 3 sixty, seventy, eighty, \_\_\_\_\_  
one hundred one thousand ninety
- 4 Saturday, Sunday, Monday, \_\_\_\_\_  
Wednesday Friday Tuesday
- 5 fifteen, twenty, twenty-five, \_\_\_\_\_  
thirty thirty-five thirteen
- 6 seven, eight, nine, \_\_\_\_\_  
eleven ten twelve

6

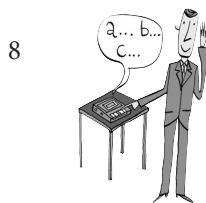
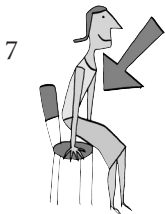
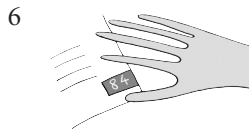
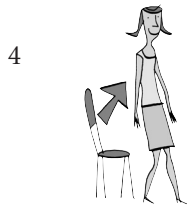
- 5 Complete the chart.

Example: Japan Japanese

- |                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| 1 the United States | _____     |
| 2 Germany           | _____     |
| 3 _____             | Italian   |
| 4 France            | _____     |
| 5 _____             | Chinese   |
| 6 _____             | Brazilian |

6

## 6 Complete the phrases with the right words.

Example: Open your books.

- 1 L \_\_\_\_\_ at the b \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 C \_\_\_\_\_ the d \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 T \_\_\_\_\_ off your m \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 S \_\_\_\_\_ u \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 D \_\_\_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish.
- 6 G \_\_\_\_\_ to p \_\_\_\_\_ 84.
- 7 S \_\_\_\_\_ d \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 L \_\_\_\_\_ and r \_\_\_\_\_.

8

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Write the words in the correct space.

boot ear ~~fish~~ owl phone train

fish

1

2



3

4

5

5

## 8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 Internet
- 2 computer
- 3 airport
- 4 toilet
- 5 pizza

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50



## GRAMMAR

## 1 Underline the correct words.

Example: Open a / the door.

- 1 The students are from different **countnrys** / **countries**.
- 2 They're **watches** / **watches**.
- 3 What's **this** / **these**? It's a stamp.
- 4 **Those** / **That** students are Italian.
- 5 This is a / **an** international school.
- 6 It's a / **an** identity card.

6

## 2 Complete the sentences. Use contractions where possible.

Example: Is he a student?

- 1 'Is Magda Polish?' 'Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ is.'
- 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ from Spain.
- 3 'Where \_\_\_\_\_ you from?' 'I'm from Poland.'
- 4 This \_\_\_\_\_ Thai food. It's Chinese.
- 5 'Is he in Class 12?' 'No, he \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 6 'Are they teachers?' 'No, they \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 7 'I \_\_\_\_\_ Brazilian. I'm from Rio de Janeiro.'
- 8 We \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish. We're Argentinian.

8

## 3 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: We are students. Our teacher is Irish.

Their Our Your

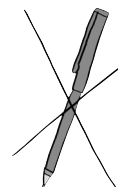
- 1 They're students. \_\_\_\_\_ names are Martin and Sally.  
His Their Her
- 2 Marco is Portuguese, but \_\_\_\_\_ mother is American.  
his her she
- 3 It's a school. \_\_\_\_\_ name is The American Institute.  
Its His Her
- 4 This is our director. \_\_\_\_\_ name is James.  
His He Her
- 5 Marta, please open \_\_\_\_\_ book.  
you're you your
- 6 I'm American. \_\_\_\_\_ family is from Washington.  
My Your Their

6

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Complete the phrases with the right words.

Example: Don't write.



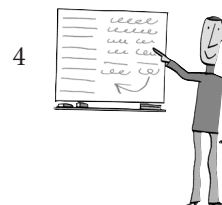
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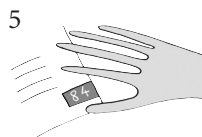
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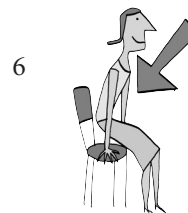
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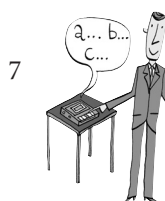
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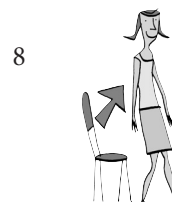
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6



7



8

- 1 C \_\_\_\_\_ the d \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 T \_\_\_\_\_ off your m \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 D \_\_\_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish.
- 4 L \_\_\_\_\_ at the b \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 G \_\_\_\_\_ to p \_\_\_\_\_ 84.
- 6 S \_\_\_\_\_ d \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 L \_\_\_\_\_ and r \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 S \_\_\_\_\_ u \_\_\_\_\_.

8

Grammar total 20



## 5 Complete the lists with the correct word.

Example: sixty, seventy, eighty, ninety  
one hundred one thousand ninety

- 1 Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, \_\_\_\_\_  
Saturday Friday Monday
- 2 fifty-seven, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, \_\_\_\_\_  
sixty forty seventy
- 3 Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, \_\_\_\_\_  
Wednesday Friday Thursday
- 4 fifteen, twenty, twenty-five, \_\_\_\_\_  
thirty-five thirteen thirty
- 5 seven, eight, nine, \_\_\_\_\_  
eleven ten twelve
- 6 two, four, six \_\_\_\_\_  
nine eight ten

6

## 6 Complete the chart.

Example: Brazil Brazilian

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ German
- 2 France \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ American
- 4 China \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ Italian
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ Japanese

6

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 toilet
- 2 Internet
- 3 pizza
- 4 computer
- 5 airport

5

## 8 Write the words in the correct space.

boot ear fish owl phone ~~train~~



train



1



2



3



4



5

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### Studying in the UK

A student at King's School tells us what she likes about her English course.

My name's Carmen García and I'm a student at King's School, which is a language school in Glasgow. I'm Spanish, from Madrid, but my mother is French. She's a teacher in Madrid. The students at King's School are from many different countries. I'm in a class which has students from Japan, Mexico, Germany, and Italy. It's really interesting to meet so many different people. The director of the school is British, but my teacher is American. She's from New York and her name's Helen. She's very nice and she's an excellent teacher. Her classes are always great fun. José and Karl are probably my best friends in the class. José is from Mexico and Karl is from Berlin, in Germany. We always speak English together because that's the best way to learn.

Example: Carmen is French.

- A True ☐  
 B False ☒  
 C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 King's School is a language school.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 Her mother is Spanish.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 Her father is a teacher.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 The students at the school are from the same country.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 The director is from London.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Carmen's teacher is American.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 José and Karl are in different classes.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 Karl is German.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8

2 Answer the questions.

Example: What is Carmen's surname? García

- 1 What's the name of her school? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Where is her school? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Where is she from? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Who is her teacher? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Where's her teacher from? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 What nationality is José? \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Which country is Karl from? \_\_\_\_\_

7

Reading total

15

## WRITING

Answer the questions with complete sentences.

Example: How old are you?

I'm twenty-four years old.

- 1 What's your first name?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 What's your surname?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 Where are you from?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 Where's your father from?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 Where's your mother from?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 What's your phone number?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 Is your house near the city centre?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 When are your English classes?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 What's your address?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 Is your teacher from the United States?  
 \_\_\_\_\_.

10

Reading and Writing total

25

## READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### Studying in the UK

A student at King's School tells us what she likes about her English course.

My name's Carmen García and I'm a student at King's School, which is a language school in Glasgow. I'm Spanish, from Madrid, but my mother is French. She's a teacher in Madrid. The students at King's School are from many different countries. I'm in a class which has students from Japan, Mexico, Germany, and Italy. It's really interesting to meet so many different people. The director of the school is British, but my teacher is American. She's from New York and her name's Helen. She's very nice and she's an excellent teacher. Her classes are always great fun. José and Karl are probably my best friends in the class. José is from Mexico and Karl is from Berlin, in Germany. We always speak English together because that's the best way to learn.

Example: King's School is a language school.

- A True ☒  
 B False ☐  
 C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 Carmen is Spanish.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 Her mother is a teacher.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 Her father is Spanish.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 The students at the school are from the same country.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 The director is from Glasgow.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Carmen's teacher is British.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 José and Karl are in Carmen's class.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 José is German.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8

2 Answer the questions.

Example: What's the name of Carmen's school?

King's School

- 1 What is Carmen's surname? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Where is her school? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Where's her mother from? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Who is her teacher? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Where's the director from? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 What nationality is Karl? \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Which country is José from? \_\_\_\_\_

7

Reading total 15

## WRITING

Answer the questions with complete sentences.

Example: How old are you?

I'm twenty-four years old.

- 1 Where are you from?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 When are your English classes?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 What's your surname?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Where's your father from?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Is your teacher from the United States?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 What's your phone number?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 What's your address?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 What's your name?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 Is your TV from Germany?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 Where's your mother from?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## LISTENING

Listen to Mario talking to the receptionist.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- His e-mail address is
  - mariobenedetti@hotmail.com ☐
  - benedetti.mario@hotmail.com ☐
  - mario.benedetti@hotmail.com ☐
- His address is
  - Via Foro 22. ☐
  - Via Foro 20. ☐
  - Via Foro 25. ☐
- Mario is
  22. ☐
  20. ☐
  25. ☐
- His postcode is
  - Rome 01032. ☐
  - Rome 00132. ☐
  - Rome 00123. ☐
- His mobile number is
  - 348 226 7341. ☐
  - 348 266 7341. ☐
  - 348 226 7314. ☐

Listening total **10**Speaking total **15**Listening and Speaking total **25**

## LISTENING

Listen to Mario talking to the receptionist.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- His address is
  - Via Foro 25. ☐
  - Via Foro 20. ☐
  - Via Foro 22. ☐
- His home number is
  - 06 841 5517. ☐
  - 06 840 5517. ☐
  - 06 840 5117. ☐
- His postcode is
  - Rome 00132. ☐
  - Rome 00123. ☐
  - Rome 01032. ☐
- His e-mail address is
  - benedetti.mario@hotmail.com ☐
  - mariobenedetti@hotmail.com ☐
  - mario.benedetti@hotmail.com ☐
- Mario is
  25. ☐
  20. ☐
  22. ☐

Listening total **10**Speaking total **15**Listening and Speaking total **25**

## SPEAKING

## Student A

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- What's your first name?
- Where are you from?
- What's your address?
- How do you spell your surname?
- Are you married?
- What's your mobile number?

2 Read this information and answer your partner's questions.

**Ewan McGregor**  
Born Crieff, Scotland  
1971

3 Your partner has information about another famous person. Ask your partner these questions.

- Is it / man / woman?
- What / name?
- How / spell?
- How old?
- Where / from?
- How / spell?

## SPEAKING

## Student B

1 Answer your partner's questions.  
Now ask your partner these questions.

- What's your surname?
- What's your e-mail address?
- How do you spell your first name?
- What's your phone number?
- Are you single?
- Are you a student?

2 Your partner has information about a famous person. Ask your partner these questions.

- Is it / man / woman?
- What / name?
- How / spell?
- How old?
- Where / from?
- How / spell?

Now look at this information and answer your partner's questions.

**Halle Berry**  
Born Cleveland Ohio, USA  
1968

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets.

Example: She lives (live) in a house.

- 1 They \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) children.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in a school.
- 3 The pub \_\_\_\_\_ (close) at 11.00 p.m.
- 4 She \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) coffee.
- 5 We \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) English and Italian.
- 6 You \_\_\_\_\_ (study) at the university.
- 7 My mother \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) a nice car.
- 8 Juan \_\_\_\_\_ (not play) computer games.

☐ 8

## 2 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: Do you like Mexican food?

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ they live in France?
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ your father work in a restaurant?
- 3 How old \_\_\_\_\_ your brother?
- 4 We \_\_\_\_\_ live in a house. We live in a flat.
- 5 What \_\_\_\_\_ your father do?
- 6 Is your brother \_\_\_\_\_ actor?

☐ 6
3 Underline the correct word or phrase.

Example: This is my **brothers'** / **my brother's** wife.

- 1 It's **Ben's** / **the Ben's** pen.
- 2 These are my **childrens'** / **children's** books.
- 3 I like the **film's end** / **end of the film**.
- 4 That's my **parents'** / **parent's** car.
- 5 I don't like **Charles's** / **Charle's** brother.
- 6 He's my **teachers'** / **teacher's** husband.

☐ 6

Grammar total	20
---------------	----

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Look at the pictures and complete the phrases.

Example: play the guitar



1



2



3



4



5



6



7



8



- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ a cigarette
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ fast food
- 3 do \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 have a sandwich for \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ to the radio
- 7 live in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 wear \_\_\_\_\_

☐ 8

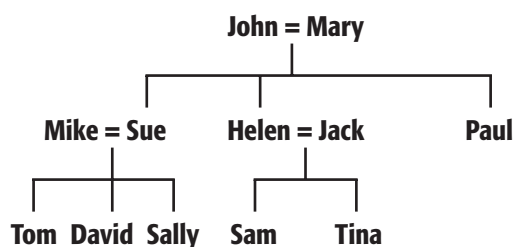
## 5 Write the jobs.

Example: I work for a newspaper. I'm a journalist.

- I work in a school. I'm a t\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in an office or a hotel. I'm a r\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in the theatre. I'm an a\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in a hospital. I'm not a doctor. I'm a n\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in a restaurant. I'm a w\_\_\_\_\_.
- I'm at university. I'm a s\_\_\_\_\_.

6

## 6 Complete the sentences about the family tree.



Example: John is Mary's husband.

- Helen is John's \_\_\_\_\_.
- David is Sam's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Mike is Sally's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Sally is Jack's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Mary is Tina's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Tom is Paul's \_\_\_\_\_.

6

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Match the sounds with the words.



1

2

3

4

5

sushi

what

thirteen

does

journalist

coffee

5

## 8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- grandfather
- mother
- family
- engineer
- policeman

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: Do they live in Spain?

- \_\_\_\_\_ you like Japanese food?
- What \_\_\_\_\_ your uncle do?
- How old \_\_\_\_\_ your sister?
- Is your cousin \_\_\_\_\_ actor?
- \_\_\_\_\_ your father work in a hotel?
- We \_\_\_\_\_ live in a flat. We live in a house.

6

2 Underline the correct word or phrase.

Example: He's my **teachers'** / **teacher's** wife.

- It's **the Ben's** / **Ben's** brother.
- These are my **childrens'** / **children's** sweets.
- That's my **parent's** / **parents'** dog.
- I don't like **James's** / **Jame's** sister.
- This is my **brothers'** / **brother's** house.
- I like the **end of the book** / **book's end**.

6

## 3 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets.

Example: My brother drives (drive) a nice car.

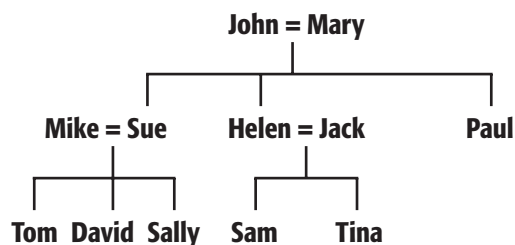
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in an office.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) a dog.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a flat.
- James \_\_\_\_\_ (not play) chess.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) French and English.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) milk.
- The café \_\_\_\_\_ (close) at 7.00 p.m.
- You \_\_\_\_\_ (study) at the language school.

8

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Complete the sentences about the family tree.



Example: Helen is Jack's wife.

- David is Sam's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Helen is John's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Tom is Paul's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Mary is Tina's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Mike is Sally's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Sally is Jack's \_\_\_\_\_.

6

## 5 Write the jobs.

Example: I work in the theatre. I'm an actor.

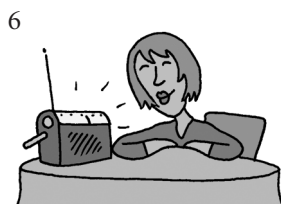
- I work in an office or a hotel. I'm a **r**\_\_\_\_\_.
- I'm at university. I'm a **s**\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in a school. I'm a **t**\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work for a newspaper. I'm a **j**\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in a restaurant. I'm a **w**\_\_\_\_\_.
- I work in a hospital. I'm not a doctor. I'm a **n**\_\_\_\_\_.

6



6 Look at the pictures and complete the phrases.

Example: eat fast food



- 1 do \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ the guitar
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema
- 4 wear \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 have a sandwich for \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ to the radio
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ a cigarette
- 8 live in a \_\_\_\_\_

8

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 mother
- 2 grandfather
- 3 policeman
- 4 engineer
- 5 family

5

8 Match the sounds with the words.



1

2

3

4

5

coffee

thirteen

does

journalist

what

sushi

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## READING

1 Read the e-mail and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

## Hi Maria

Do you remember me? My name's Ben Sanders, I'm twenty-nine, and I'm British. I live in a small flat in north London and I work as a secretary for a big computer company in central London. I travel to work on the underground, but I often work at home. I don't smoke, but I drink a lot of coffee!

What else can I tell you about myself? My family live in Brighton, on the south coast of England. I have one brother and one sister. My brother works as a waiter and my sister's a nurse. Their names are Harry and Liz. My parents are both teachers.

I love sport. I play football and basketball a few times a month and I watch all the best matches on TV. My favourite food is Mexican. I'm very lucky because my brother works in a Mexican restaurant, so I eat there when I visit my family. I study Italian in my free time because one day I want to live in Italy.

Please write and tell me about yourself.

Ben

Example: Ben lives with a friend.

- A True ☐  
 B False ☐  
 C Doesn't say ☒

1 Ben works in London.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 He likes his job.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 His family don't live in England.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

4 Liz has two brothers.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 Harry lives with his parents.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

6 Ben watches sport on TV.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

7 Harry's restaurant is in London.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8 Ben is Italian.

- A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8

2 Read the e-mail again and complete the form.

Name	<u>Ben Sanders</u>	
Age	<sup>1</sup> _____	
Occupation	<sup>2</sup> _____	
Town	<sup>3</sup> _____	
Smokes	<sup>4</sup> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	
Sports	<sup>5</sup> _____	<sup>6</sup> _____
Favourite food	<sup>7</sup> _____	

7

Reading total

15

## WRITING

Write an e-mail to a new friend. Answer these questions.

- What's your name?
- Where are you from?
- What do you do?
- Do you have a big family?
- What do the people in your family do?
- What are your interests?

Dear \_\_\_\_\_

My name's \_\_\_\_\_. I'm from...

10

Reading and Writing total

25

## READING

1 Read the e-mail and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

**Hi Maria**

Do you remember me? My name's Ben Sanders, I'm twenty-nine, and I'm British. I live in a small flat in north London and I work as a secretary for a big computer company in central London. I travel to work on the underground, but I often work at home. I don't smoke, but I drink a lot of coffee!

What else can I tell you about myself? My family live in Brighton, on the south coast of England. I have one brother and one sister. My brother works as a waiter and my sister's a nurse. Their names are Harry and Liz. My parents are both teachers.

I love sport. I play football and basketball a few times a month and I watch all the best matches on TV. My favourite food is Mexican. I'm very lucky because my brother works in a Mexican restaurant, so I eat there when I visit my family. I study Italian in my free time because one day I want to live in Italy.

Please write and tell me about yourself.

Ben

Example: Ben works in London.

- A True ☒  
 B False ☐  
 C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 Ben lives with a friend.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 He doesn't like his job.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 His family lives in England.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 Harry doesn't have a sister.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 Harry is a teacher.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Ben doesn't watch sport on TV.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 Harry's restaurant is in Brighton.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 Ben lives in Italy.  
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8

2 Read the e-mail again and complete the form.

Name	<u>Ben Sanders</u>	
Age	1	_____
Nationality	2	_____
Languages	3	_____
Sports	5	_____
Parents' job	7	_____
	4	_____
	6	_____

7

Reading total

15

## WRITING

Write an e-mail to a new friend. Answer these questions.

- 1 What's your name?
- 2 Where do you live?
- 3 Do you have brothers and sisters? How old are they?
- 4 What languages do you speak?
- 5 Why do you want to learn English?
- 6 Do you work or study? Where?

Dear \_\_\_\_\_  
 My name's \_\_\_\_\_. I live...

10

Reading and Writing total

25

## LISTENING

Listen to Sarah describing a photo to Guy.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- Her mother is in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A kitchen ☐ B garden ☐ C garage ☐
- Her mother's partner's name is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A Matthew ☐ B Michael ☐ C Martin ☐
- Martin is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A an engineer ☐ B a doctor ☐ C a musician ☐
- Sophie is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A Sarah's sister ☐ B Sarah's daughter ☐  
C Sarah's niece ☐
- Last Christmas Sarah was at her \_\_\_\_\_ house.  
A parents' ☐ B grandparents' ☐  
C grandmother's ☐

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## LISTENING

Listen to Sarah describing a photo to Guy.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- Her mother is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A married ☐ B separated ☐ C divorced ☐
- Her mother is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A doctor ☐ B nurse ☐ C receptionist ☐
- Sarah's sister has \_\_\_\_\_.  
A a son ☐ B no children ☐ C a daughter ☐
- Sarah has \_\_\_\_\_.  
A one niece ☐ B three nieces ☐  
C a niece and a nephew ☐
- Adam is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A Sarah's cousin ☐ B Sarah's nephew ☐  
C Sarah's brother ☐

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## SPEAKING

## Student A

## 1 Ask your partner these questions.

- Do you live in a house or a flat?
- What do you do?
- How many brothers and sisters do you have?
- What TV programmes do you like?
- Do you speak another language?
- Do you have children?

Now answer your partner's questions.

## 2 Read this information about Judith and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Judith Chappell

Occupation: Teacher

Age: 32

Car: No

Smokes: No

Languages: English, Spanish, and Japanese

Sports: Tennis

Now ask your partner these questions about Christopher.

- What / surname?
- How old / ?
- What languages / speak?
- / car? What car / ?
- What / do?
- / smoke?

## SPEAKING

## Student B

1 Answer your partner's questions.  
Now ask your partner these questions.

- Where do you live?
- What do you do?
- What food do you like?
- How many cousins do you have?
- Do you work?
- Do you have a car?

2 You have some information about Christopher, and your partner has some information about Judith.  
Ask your partner these questions about Judith.

- What / surname?
- How old / ?
- What / do?
- What languages / speak?
- / car? What car / ?
- What sports / play?

Now read the information about Christopher and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Christopher Underwood

Occupation: Bank manager

Age: 46

Car: Yes, a BMW

Smokes: Yes

Languages: English and French

Sport: Table tennis

## GRAMMAR

1 Underline the correct phrase.

Example: I like American music / music American.

- 1 It's a **fantastic film** / **film fantastic**.
- 2 I **often go** / **go often** to the cinema.
- 3 She **drinks never** / **never drinks** beer.
- 4 He has a **car new** / **new car**.
- 5 That's a **mobile expensive** / **an expensive mobile**.
- 6 They **always are** / **are always** late.
- 7 Do you like **French food** / **food French**?
- 8 **Always I have** / **I always have** breakfast.

8

## 3 Complete the sentences.

Example: Her birthday is on 8 July.

- 1 I often play football \_\_\_\_\_ the weekend.
- 2 The shop closes \_\_\_\_\_ the evening.
- 3 My new job starts \_\_\_\_\_ Monday morning.
- 4 I often have pizza \_\_\_\_\_ lunchtime.
- 5 Her party is \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday.
- 6 The class starts \_\_\_\_\_ nine o'clock.
- 7 It's very cold \_\_\_\_\_ December.

7

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Complete the chart with the opposites.

~~cheap~~ dark difficult dry full low safe  
short young

Example: expensive cheap

- 1 empty \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 tall \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 dangerous \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 easy \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 wet \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 high \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 fair \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 old \_\_\_\_\_

8

## 2 Write the times.


Example:  It's quarter to three.

1  \_\_\_\_\_.

2  \_\_\_\_\_.

3  \_\_\_\_\_.

4  \_\_\_\_\_.

5  \_\_\_\_\_.

5

## 5 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: I go to the gym in the evenings.

have go take

- 1 He \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast every morning.  
does goes has
- 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ the dog for a walk twice a day.  
take go make
- 3 She \_\_\_\_\_ school at half past three.  
goes does finishes
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ a shower every morning.  
do get have
- 5 I often \_\_\_\_\_ up late on Sundays.  
start wake go
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_ shopping at the weekend.  
do have go

6

## 6 Complete the lists.

Example: January, February, March, April

- 1 spring, summer, autumn, \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 first, second, third, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 eighth, ninth, tenth, \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 September, October, November, \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 May, June, July, \_\_\_\_\_

6

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Write the words in the correct space.

birthday ~~clean~~ high home other shopping

clean



1



2



3



4



5

5

## 8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 September
- 2 difficult
- 3 August
- 4 information
- 5 February

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Write the times.

Example: *It's quarter to three.*

5

## 2 Complete the sentences.

Example: My new job starts on Wednesday afternoon.

- The office closes \_\_\_\_\_ the evening.
- Her party is \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.
- I often play chess \_\_\_\_\_ the weekend.
- I often have pasta \_\_\_\_\_ lunchtime.
- It's very warm \_\_\_\_\_ August.
- Her birthday is \_\_\_\_\_ 12 September.
- The class starts \_\_\_\_\_ two o'clock.

7

3 Underline the correct phrase.Example: Do you like **food Chinese** / **Chinese food**?

- It's a **book fantastic** / **fantastic book**.
- That's a **cheap mobile** / **an mobile cheap**.
- I **go often** / **often go** to the market.
- He has an **old car** / **car old**.
- I like **music British** / **British music**.
- They **are always** / **always are** early.
- I **always have** / **Always I have** dinner.
- She **never drinks** / **drinks never** tea.

8

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Complete the lists.

Example: August, September, October, November

- February, March, April, \_\_\_\_\_
- eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, \_\_\_\_\_
- seventh, eighth, ninth, \_\_\_\_\_
- May, June, July, \_\_\_\_\_
- autumn, winter, spring, \_\_\_\_\_
- second, third, fourth, \_\_\_\_\_

6

## 5 Complete the chart with the opposites.

cheap dark ~~difficult~~ dry full low safe  
short young

Example: easy difficult

- fair \_\_\_\_\_
- empty \_\_\_\_\_
- tall \_\_\_\_\_
- expensive \_\_\_\_\_
- dangerous \_\_\_\_\_
- wet \_\_\_\_\_
- old \_\_\_\_\_
- high \_\_\_\_\_

8

## 6 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: We take the dog for a walk twice a day.

take go make

- She \_\_\_\_\_ work at half past four.  
goes does finishes
- I \_\_\_\_\_ to the sports centre in the evenings.  
have go take
- I \_\_\_\_\_ a bath every evening.  
do get have
- He \_\_\_\_\_ dinner every evening.  
does goes has
- We \_\_\_\_\_ walking at the weekend.  
do have go
- I often \_\_\_\_\_ up early on Saturdays.  
start wake go

6

Vocabulary total 20



## PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 information
- 2 September
- 3 difficult
- 4 February
- 5 August

	5
--	---

8 Write the words in the correct space.

birthday ~~clean~~ high home other shopping



clean



1



2



3



4



5

	5
--	---

Pronunciation total	10
---------------------	----

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
--	----

## READING

1 Read the e-mail and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

**How people live**

As part of our weekly series, we asked Jane Hancock and Tim Greenwood to tell us about their lives.

Jane Hancock is a hardworking teacher in Sheffield. She gets up at half past six every morning and has breakfast. Then she makes her sandwiches and gets ready for work. Jane usually walks to work because she thinks it's important to take exercise every day. She sometimes walks home again in the evening, but more often gets the bus. Jane has dinner at seven o'clock and goes to bed early. She doesn't go out during the week, but she often goes out with friends at the weekend. Jane makes sure that she eats five portions of fruit and vegetables every day and fish twice a week. She hardly ever eats meat and she doesn't smoke. For more exercise, Jane goes to the gym three times a week. She's very healthy and is hardly ever ill.

Tim lives by the sea in Cardiff. He's a journalist for a local newspaper. He usually gets up at eight o'clock, has a quick shower and then drives to work. Tim doesn't have time for breakfast, but sometimes has a sandwich in the middle of the morning. At lunchtime, he usually has a burger. He buys it from the fast food restaurant across the road and then eats at his desk. Tim works long hours and often stays late in the evening. On those days, he goes to a restaurant with people from work. They usually have quite a lot of wine with their meal and they all smoke. Tim doesn't eat fruit and he doesn't like many vegetables. He plays football once a month, but he isn't very healthy.

Example: Jane gets up at \_\_\_\_.

A 7.00 ☐ B 6.30 ☒ C 6.00 ☐

1 Jane has breakfast \_\_\_\_.

A at home ☐ B at school ☐ C on the bus ☐

2 She \_\_\_\_ to work.

A cycles ☐ B runs ☐ C walks ☐

3 She usually comes home by \_\_\_\_.

A bus ☐ B bike ☐ C car ☐

4 She never \_\_\_\_.

A does exercise ☐ B eats meat ☐ C smokes ☐

5 Tim \_\_\_\_ has breakfast.

A sometimes ☐ B never ☐ C hardly ever ☐

6 Tim often has lunch \_\_\_\_.

A in a fast food restaurant ☐

B at home ☐ C at work ☐

7 Tim often drinks \_\_\_\_ with his food.

A coffee ☐ B beer ☐ C wine ☐

8 He \_\_\_\_ does exercise.

A often ☐ B sometimes ☐ C never ☐

8

2 Write *Jane* or *Tim*.

Example: Tim is a journalist.

1 \_\_\_\_\_ lives by the sea.

2 \_\_\_\_\_ goes to bed late.

3 \_\_\_\_\_ eats sandwiches for lunch.

4 \_\_\_\_\_ goes out at night in the week.

5 \_\_\_\_\_ has dinner at home.

6 \_\_\_\_\_ has a healthy lifestyle.

7 \_\_\_\_\_ smokes.

7

Reading total 15

## WRITING

Write about your typical Sunday. Answer these questions.

- 1 What do you do in the morning?
- 2 What do you do in the afternoon?
- 3 What do you do in the evening?
- 4 What do you always do?
- 5 What do you sometimes do?
- 6 What do you hardly ever do?

**My typical Sunday**

I get up at \_\_\_\_\_.

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## READING

1 Read the e-mail and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

**How people live**

As part of our weekly series, we asked Jane Hancock and Tim Greenwood to tell us about their lives.

Jane Hancock is a hardworking teacher in Sheffield. She gets up at half past six every morning and has breakfast. Then she makes her sandwiches and gets ready for work. Jane usually walks to work because she thinks it's important to take exercise every day. She sometimes walks home again in the evening, but more often gets the bus. Jane has dinner at seven o'clock and goes to bed early. She doesn't go out during the week, but she often goes out with friends at the weekend. Jane makes sure that she eats five portions of fruit and vegetables every day and fish twice a week. She hardly ever eats meat and she doesn't smoke. For more exercise, Jane goes to the gym three times a week. She's very healthy and is hardly ever ill.

Tim lives by the sea in Cardiff. He's a journalist for a local newspaper. He usually gets up at eight o'clock, has a quick shower and then drives to work. Tim doesn't have time for breakfast, but sometimes has a sandwich in the middle of the morning. At lunchtime, he usually has a burger. He buys it from the fast food restaurant across the road and then eats at his desk. Tim works long hours and often stays late in the evening. On those days, he goes to a restaurant with people from work. They usually have quite a lot of wine with their meal and they all smoke. Tim doesn't eat fruit and he doesn't like many vegetables. He plays football once a month, but he isn't very healthy.

Example: Jane gets up at \_\_\_\_ a.m.

A 7.00 ☐ B 6.30 ☒ C 6.00 ☐

1 Jane has breakfast \_\_\_\_.

A on the bus ☐ B at school ☐ C at home ☐

2 She \_\_\_\_ to work.

A runs ☐ B walks ☐ C cycles ☐

3 She \_\_\_\_ comes home by bus.

A always ☐ B never ☐ C usually ☐

4 She sometimes \_\_\_\_.

A goes out in the week ☐

B eats meat ☐ C smokes ☐

5 Tim goes to work \_\_\_\_.

A by car ☐ B by bus ☐ C by train ☐

6 Tim often has lunch \_\_\_\_.

A in his office ☐ B at home ☐

C in a fast food restaurant ☐

7 Tim often drinks \_\_\_\_.

A coffee ☐ B wine ☐ C beer ☐

8 He \_\_\_\_ does exercise.

A often ☐ B sometimes ☐ C never ☐

☐ 8

2 Write *Jane* or *Tim*.

Example: *Jane* is a teacher.

1 \_\_\_\_\_ often eats vegetables.

2 \_\_\_\_\_ often does exercise.

3 \_\_\_\_\_ eats a burger for lunch.

4 \_\_\_\_\_ doesn't go to bed late.

5 \_\_\_\_\_ goes out at the weekend.

6 \_\_\_\_\_ always has breakfast.

7 \_\_\_\_\_ has an unhealthy lifestyle.

☐ 7

Reading total ☐ 15

## WRITING

Write about your typical Monday. Answer these questions.

1 What do you do in the morning?

2 What do you do in the afternoon?

3 What do you do in the evening?

4 What do you usually do?

5 What do you sometimes do?

6 What do you never do?

**My typical Monday**

I get up at \_\_\_\_\_...

☐ 10

Reading and Writing total ☐ 25

## LISTENING

You will hear a man describing his daily routine.  
Complete the information.

Simon

He works for a <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ company.He has <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ daughters.He gets to London at <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.He has six <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a day.After dinner he <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.Listening total **10**Speaking total **15**Listening and Speaking total **25**

## LISTENING

You will hear a man describing his daily routine.  
Complete the information.

Simon

He works for a company in <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.He gets the train at <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.He <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ from the station to the office.He has a <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ for lunch.At 11.00 p.m. he <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.Listening total **10**Speaking total **15**Listening and Speaking total **25**

## SPEAKING

## Student A

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What time do you get up?
- 2 How often do you do exercise?
- 3 What's your favourite day of the week? Why?
- 4 How often do you eat fish?
- 5 What time do you get home?
- 6 How often do you meet your friends?

Now answer your partner's questions.

2 Read this information and answer your partner's questions.

The Notting Hill Carnival takes place on the last weekend of August, in London, UK.

People listen to music, dance, and eat fantastic Caribbean food.

Your partner has information about another festival. Ask these questions.

- What / name / festival?
- Where / ?
- When / ?
- What / people do?
- What / people wear?

## SPEAKING

## Student B

1 Answer your partner's questions.

Now ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What time do you wake up?
- 2 What's your favourite season?
- 3 How often do you go to bed early?
- 4 What time do you have dinner?
- 5 How many cups of coffee do you drink a day?
- 6 How often do you eat meat?

2 Your partner has some information about a festival. Ask your partner these questions.

- What / name / festival?
- Where / ?
- When / ?
- What / people do?
- What / people eat?

Now read this information and answer your partner's questions.

The Holi festival takes place in northern India every March (the date changes every year).

People wear white clothes, throw coloured water at each other, and sing and dance.

## GRAMMAR

- 1 Underline the correct word or phrase in each sentence.

Example: I'm sorry. I **can** / **can't** play football at the weekend.

- Can you **play** / **to play** the guitar?
- Do you like **listen** / **listening** to music?
- I love you. Do you love **me** / **I**?
- I love **go** / **going** to the cinema.
- Do you can** / **Can you** come to my party?
- That's **my** / **mine** bike.

6

- 2 Complete Hannah's e-mail with the verbs in the box. Use the *ing* form.

be cook eat go study do see

Hi Paul

My name's Hannah and I'm a student. I like *being* a student, but I don't like <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. I do two hours work every night. I live in a flat with my friend, Tina. We like <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ good food, but Tina hates <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. She only makes pizza. We often go to fast food restaurants. It's really unhealthy. I love <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home and eating my mum's food. In the evenings, we like <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ friends. We love music and dancing. What do you like <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?

Write soon

Hannah

6

- 3 Complete the sentences with *me / mine, you / yours, him / his*, etc.

Example: Can you help *me*? I can't do my homework.

- He likes Sally, but he doesn't love \_\_\_\_\_.
- It isn't a good book. I don't like \_\_\_\_\_.
- That car isn't \_\_\_\_\_. They don't have a car.
- Are they French? Can you ask \_\_\_\_\_?
- It isn't \_\_\_\_\_. He has a red lighter.
- We don't speak Italian. They don't understand \_\_\_\_\_.
- This book's \_\_\_\_\_. Look! Here's your name.
- That's \_\_\_\_\_! Give it to me.

8

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: Can you *dance* the tango?

sing have dance

- I \_\_\_\_\_ my bike at the weekend.  
go ride play
- This is a bad film. Turn \_\_\_\_\_ the TV!  
off on up
- Can you \_\_\_\_\_ that noise?  
find take hear
- I can't \_\_\_\_\_ my keys.  
find watch look
- I \_\_\_\_\_ by bus every day.  
travel run use
- Mark can \_\_\_\_\_ chess.  
do take play
- Can you \_\_\_\_\_ me with this exercise?  
talk wait help
- Can you \_\_\_\_\_ a photo of us?  
have call take

8

- 5 Complete these phrases with the correct verb.

Example: *call* a taxi

- c** \_\_\_\_\_ here
- t** \_\_\_\_\_ to a friend
- p** \_\_\_\_\_ football
- t** \_\_\_\_\_ by plane
- r** \_\_\_\_\_ a race

5

6 Look at the pictures and complete the verb phrases.

Example: hear a noise



- 1 w\_\_\_\_\_ for a bus
- 2 g\_\_\_\_\_ someone a present
- 3 u\_\_\_\_\_ a computer
- 4 p\_\_\_\_\_ a game
- 5 d\_\_\_\_\_ a picture
- 6 f\_\_\_\_\_ some money
- 7 s\_\_\_\_\_ a song

7

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Put these words in the correct column.

kill leave live meet she



1 think 2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 classical
- 2 instrument
- 3 creative
- 4 practical
- 5 shopping

5

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50



## GRAMMAR

- 1 Complete Susan's e-mail with the verbs in the box. Use the *ing* form.

~~be~~ cook do eat go see study

Hi Charles

My name's Susan and I'm a student. I like being a student, but I don't like <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. I do four hours work every evening. I live in a house with my friend, Laura. We like <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ good food, but Laura hates <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. She only makes pasta. We often go to fast food restaurants. It's really unhealthy. I love <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home and eating my mum's food. At the weekends, we like <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ friends. We love and music and singing. What do you like <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?

Write soon

Susan

- 2 Complete the sentences with *me / mine, you / yours, him / his*, etc.

Example: That's mine! Give it to me.

- That dog isn't \_\_\_\_\_. They don't have a dog.
- He likes Susan, but he doesn't love \_\_\_\_\_.
- We don't speak French. They don't understand \_\_\_\_\_.
- Can you help \_\_\_\_\_? I can't do this exercise.
- It isn't a good book. I don't like \_\_\_\_\_.
- This book's \_\_\_\_\_. Look! Here's your name.
- Are they Italian? Can you ask \_\_\_\_\_?
- It isn't \_\_\_\_\_. He has a blue jacket.

- 3 Underline the correct word or phrase in each sentence.

Example: Do you like listening / **listen** to songs?

- I like you. Do you like **me** / **I**?
- That's **mine** / **my** car.
- I'm sorry. I **can** / **can't** play tennis this evening.
- Can you **to play** / **play** chess?
- Do you can** / **Can you** come to my birthday party?
- I love **going** / **go** to the park.

## VOCABULARY

- 4 Look at the pictures and complete the verb phrases.

Example: wait for a bus



- s \_\_\_\_\_ a song
- d \_\_\_\_\_ a picture
- g \_\_\_\_\_ someone a present
- p \_\_\_\_\_ a game
- h \_\_\_\_\_ a noise
- f \_\_\_\_\_ some money
- u \_\_\_\_\_ a computer

- 5 Complete these phrases with the correct verb.

Example: fly by plane

- c \_\_\_\_\_ here
- r \_\_\_\_\_ a race
- p \_\_\_\_\_ football
- c \_\_\_\_\_ a taxi
- t \_\_\_\_\_ to a friend

Grammar total 20



## 6 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: I ride my bike in the evening.

go ride play

1 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ that noise?

find take hear

2 This is a bad film. Turn \_\_\_\_\_ the TV!

off on up

3 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ me with this question?

talk wait help

4 I can't \_\_\_\_\_ my book.

find watch look

5 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ a photo of me?

have call take

6 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ the tango?

sing have dance

7 I \_\_\_\_\_ by car every day.

travel run use

8 Mark can \_\_\_\_\_ the guitar.

do take play

8

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

1 classical

2 practical

3 newspaper

4 creative

5 instrument

5

## 8 Put these words in the correct column.

kill leave live meet she ~~think~~1 think 2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### British artists living abroad

Article by James Noble

Sally Campbell is a 32-year-old actress from London, but right now, she's living in Paris in a flat that overlooks the Seine. Sally's mother is French, which means Sally can speak the language perfectly. Sally is very talented. She likes acting in films, but she can also sing and dance brilliantly and she currently has a leading part in a French musical. She can also play the piano very well. In her spare time, Sally likes to relax at home by watching romantic films. She has no plans to return to Britain.

Tom Hammond is from Glasgow, but he lives in New York. He's 18 and he's a music student. Tom can play the piano and the guitar very well. He also writes songs with his friend John. Tom writes the music and John writes the lyrics. When they're happy with a new song, they usually perform it to students at the college. They love to have an audience and would really like to be in a band. When he isn't composing, Tom downloads his favourite music from the Internet.

Hannah Brown is a writer. She's from Manchester, but she lives in Italy. Hannah is 25 and likes writing romantic novels. Her ambition, of course, is to be a published writer, so she writes every day for at least four hours. Her favourite time to write is early in the morning, but she sometimes works late at night too. In the afternoons, Hannah works as a waitress in a café. She doesn't really enjoy this part of her life, but she needs the money to stay in Italy.

Example: Sally is English.

- A True ☒  
B False ☐  
C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 Sally is sometimes in films.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 She can't sing very well.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 She can play a musical instrument.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 Tom writes songs with his friend.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 John is a student at the music school.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Tom and John play in a band.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 7 Hannah speaks Italian perfectly.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 She likes writing in the morning.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 She has an afternoon job.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 She likes being a waitress.  
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

10

### 2 Write Sally, Tom, or Hannah

Example: Tom lives in America.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ speaks another language very well.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ uses a computer.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ works in the afternoon.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ is a student.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ can play one musical instrument.

5

Reading total 15

## WRITING

Read the notes and write about David.

26

Irish

live / with family / Dublin

study / engineering / university

long black hair / dark eyes

very intelligent

like / listen / music / go / cinema

always / cinema / weekend

smoke / not drink

favourite time / evening / like / go out

David's 26. He...

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### British artists living abroad

#### Article by James Noble

Sally Campbell is a 32-year-old actress from London, but right now, she's living in Paris in a flat that overlooks the Seine. Sally's mother is French, which means Sally can speak the language perfectly. Sally is very talented. She likes acting in films, but she can also sing and dance brilliantly and she currently has a leading part in a French musical. She can also play the piano very well. In her spare time, Sally likes to relax at home by watching romantic films. She has no plans to return to Britain.

Tom Hammond is from Glasgow, but he lives in New York. He's 18 and he's a music student. Tom can play the piano and the guitar very well. He also writes songs with his friend John. Tom writes the music and John writes the lyrics. When they're happy with a new song, they usually perform it to students at the college. They love to have an audience and would really like to be in a band. When he isn't composing, Tom downloads his favourite music from the Internet.

Hannah Brown is a writer. She's from Manchester, but she lives in Italy. Hannah is 25 and likes writing romantic novels. Her ambition, of course, is to be a published writer, so she writes every day for at least four hours. Her favourite time to write is early in the morning, but she sometimes works late at night too. In the afternoons, Hannah works as a waitress in a café. She doesn't really enjoy this part of her life, but she needs the money to stay in Italy.

Example: Sally is French.

- A True ☒   
 B False ☐   
 C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 Sally lives in London.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 She doesn't act in films.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 She can sing and dance very well.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 Tom studies in Glasgow.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 Tom writes songs with his friend.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Tom can sing very well.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 7 Hannah works in a café.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 She likes writing in the afternoon.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 She never works at night.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 She doesn't like being a waitress.   
 A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

10

2 Write *Sally*, *Tom*, or *Hannah*.

Example: Tom lives in America.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ watches films at home.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ works in the afternoon.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ sometimes works in the theatre.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ doesn't play the piano.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ is a student.

5

Reading total 15

## WRITING

Read the notes and write about Susana.

Berlin

Argentinian

work / German company

quite tall / short hair / blue eyes

can play / guitar / piano

love / romantic films

like / buying / clothes / hate / go to supermarkets

always / go shopping / Saturday

not smoke

favourite time / Sunday morning / drink / coffee / read / newspaper

Susana lives in Paris. She...

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## LISTENING

Listen to four people talking about shopping.  
Write the letter (A–E) next to each conversation.

## conversation

## opinion

conversation 1 ☐

A She likes shopping with friends.

conversation 2 ☐

B He loves buying everything.

conversation 3 ☐

C She can't find clothes she likes.

conversation 4 ☐ ☐

D He hates shopping with his girlfriend.

E She hates shopping for food.

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## LISTENING

Listen to four people talking about shopping.  
Write the letter (A–E) next to each conversation.

## conversation

## opinion

conversation 1 ☐

A He doesn't think shopping is interesting.

conversation 2 ☐

B He goes shopping every weekend.

conversation 3 ☐ ☐

C She hates shopping with her mother.

conversation 4 ☐

D She likes buying food.

E He thinks shopping is great.

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## SPEAKING

## Student A

## 1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Can you swim? How well?
- 2 Do you like buying presents?
- 3 What kind of music do you like?
- 4 What do you think of opera?
- 5 Do you like going to the cinema?
- 6 How often do you go to concerts?

Now answer your partner's questions.

## 2 Read this information and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Magda Oliveira

## Can you...?

- swim ☒
- draw ☒
- use / computer ☒
- drive ☒

## Do you like...?

- playing basketball ☒
- dancing ☒
- running ☒
- reading ☒

Now ask your partner these questions about Tomasz.

## Can he...?

- play / guitar
- play / piano
- sing
- dance

## Does he like...?

- go shopping
- cook
- watch football
- do exercise

## SPEAKING

## Student B

## 1 Answer your partner's questions.

Now ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Do you like going to supermarkets?
- 2 Can you play a musical instrument? What?
- 3 What do you think of classical music?
- 4 Can you dance? How well?
- 5 What kind of films do you like?
- 6 Do you like singing in the shower?

2 Your partner has some information about Magda.  
Ask your partner these questions.

## Can she...?

- swim
- use / computer
- drive / car
- draw

## Does she like...?

- / play basketball
- / run
- / read books
- / dance

Now answer your partner's questions about Tomasz.

Name: Tomasz Sobieski

## Can you...?

- play the guitar ☒
- dance ☒
- play the piano ☒
- sing ☒

## Do you like...?

- going shopping ☒
- watching football ☒
- doing exercise ☒
- cooking ☒

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Underline the correct words.

Example: We **was** / **were** in Paris yesterday.

- Where **was** / **were** Jack this morning?
- Yesterday **was** / **were** Friday.
- I **wasn't** / **weren't** at work today.
- Did** / **Were** James and Sue at school yesterday?
- Where **were you** / **did you** go last night?
- The shops **wasn't** / **weren't** open today.

6

## 2 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets in the past simple.

Example: We worked (work) hard yesterday.

- I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) for three hours last night.
- When \_\_\_\_\_ the party \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) last night?
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) the food in the restaurant.
- \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) that film last night?
- My grandparents \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in Australia. Now they live in Poland.
- The nightclub \_\_\_\_\_ (not close) until 3.00 a.m.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (not smoke) because it was a non-smoking restaurant.
- What time \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) yesterday?

8

## 3 Complete the dialogue.

**Sue** Where did you and Bob go yesterday?

**Anne** We went to a restaurant.

**Sue** Did you go by car?

**Anne** No, we <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. We went by taxi.

**Sue** What did you wear?

**Anne** I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ my blue dress.

**Sue** What did you have to eat?

**Anne** I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ steak and chips.

**Sue** What time did you leave the restaurant?

**Anne** We <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ at nine o'clock.

**Sue** Did you go to the cinema after that?

**Anne** Yes. We <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a fantastic film.

**Sue** What time did you get home?

**Anne** We didn't <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home until twelve o'clock.

6

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with *go*, *have*, or *get*.

Example: Did you have a good time at the party?

- Simon \_\_\_\_\_ the bus to work every morning.
- I always \_\_\_\_\_ to bed early on a Monday.
- Do you usually \_\_\_\_\_ a shower in the morning?
- Can you \_\_\_\_\_ me a newspaper, please?
- Mary and Jane didn't \_\_\_\_\_ shopping yesterday.
- I usually \_\_\_\_\_ dressed at eight o'clock.

6

## 5 What is the past simple of these verbs?

Example: say said

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1 drive _____ | 7 take _____  |
| 2 think _____ | 8 find _____  |
| 3 hear _____  | 9 sit _____   |
| 4 write _____ | 10 wear _____ |
| 5 speak _____ | 11 get _____  |
| 6 read _____  | 12 go _____   |

6

6 Complete the phrases with *go*, *have*, or *get*.

Example: get a taxi



1



2



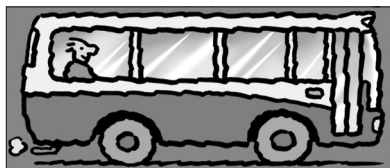
3



4



5



6



7



8



- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ b \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ to c \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ to the b \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ a l \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ home by b \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ d \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ to a r \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ o \_\_\_\_\_ on a Saturday night

8

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Write the words in the correct column.

changed checked looked ~~showed~~ waited wanted

/d/

/t/

/ɪd/

showed

5

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

1 writer

2 musician

3 painter

4 music

5 politics

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50



## GRAMMAR

- 1 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets in the past simple.

Example: I studied (study) for four hours last Sunday.

- 1 She \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) the food in the café.
- 2 My parents \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in France. Now they live in Germany.
- 3 When \_\_\_\_\_ the film \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) last night?
- 4 What time \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) on Friday?
- 5 The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ (not close) until 11.00 p.m.
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_ (work) hard yesterday morning.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) that film last Wednesday?
- 8 We \_\_\_\_\_ (not smoke) because it was a non-smoking pub.

8

- 2 Complete the dialogue.

**Hannah** Where did you and Paul go yesterday?

**Jane** We went to a restaurant.

**Hannah** Did you go by bus?

**Jane** No, we <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. We went by car.

**Hannah** What did you wear?

**Jane** I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ my pink dress.

**Hannah** What did you have to eat?

**Jane** I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ pizza and salad.

**Hannah** What time did you leave the restaurant?

**Jane** We <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ at ten o'clock.

**Hannah** Did you go to the cinema after that?

**Jane** Yes. We <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a very good film.

**Hannah** What time did you get home?

**Jane** We didn't <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home until one o'clock.

6

- 3 Underline the correct words.

Example: Yesterday **were** / **was** Tuesday.

- 1 The banks **wasn't** / **weren't** open today.
- 2 **Were** / **Did** John and Sue at work yesterday?
- 3 I **wasn't** / **weren't** at school today.
- 4 We **was** / **were** in London yesterday.
- 5 Where **were** / **was** Peter this morning?
- 6 Where **did you** / **were you** go last weekend?

6

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

- 4 What is the past simple of these verbs?

Example: think thought

- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1 wear _____  | 7 take _____   |
| 2 drive _____ | 8 find _____   |
| 3 go _____    | 9 say _____    |
| 4 write _____ | 10 sit _____   |
| 5 read _____  | 11 speak _____ |
| 6 hear _____  | 12 get _____   |

6

- 5 Complete the sentences with *go*, *have*, or *get*.

Example: Can you get me a newspaper, please?

- 1 I always \_\_\_\_\_ to bed early on a Sunday.
- 2 Did you \_\_\_\_\_ a good time at Sarah's party?
- 3 I usually \_\_\_\_\_ dressed at nine o'clock.
- 4 Sally \_\_\_\_\_ the train to work every morning.
- 5 Do you usually \_\_\_\_\_ a bath in the evening?
- 6 Juan and Marco didn't \_\_\_\_\_ shopping yesterday.

6



6 Complete the phrases with *go*, *have*, or *get*.

Example: *go* to the *beach*



1



2



3



4



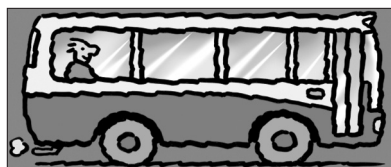
5



6



7



8



1 \_\_\_\_\_ to c \_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_ o \_\_\_\_\_ on a Friday night

3 \_\_\_\_\_ b \_\_\_\_\_

4 \_\_\_\_\_ a t \_\_\_\_\_

5 \_\_\_\_\_ a l \_\_\_\_\_

6 \_\_\_\_\_ d \_\_\_\_\_

7 \_\_\_\_\_ home by b \_\_\_\_\_

8 \_\_\_\_\_ to a r \_\_\_\_\_

8

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

1 painter

2 writer

3 politics

4 musician

5 music

5

8 Write the words in the correct column.

~~changed~~ checked looked showed waited wanted

/d/

/t/

/ɪd/

changed

5

Pronunciation total

10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

50

## READING

1 Read Maria's diary. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Saturday 18 July

We left home early in the morning, but our flight was delayed and we didn't arrive at Heathrow until late in the afternoon. We were really tired, but we took a bus to our hotel because taxis in London are very expensive. When we got to the hotel, we had a rest and then went out to explore the city. We had a quick sandwich in a small café and then headed for Oxford Street. I bought a jacket and some T-shirts. I wanted to buy a bag as well, but I couldn't find one that I liked. In the evening, we ate in an Italian restaurant and went to a typical English pub in Covent Garden. We met some really nice English people and had so much fun that we didn't get back to the hotel until very late!

Sunday 19 July

We got up late and had breakfast in a café. I had a full English breakfast, and then I had some fruit. Anna just had toast. After breakfast, we went for a walk around the city. We saw Nelson's Column in Trafalgar Square, Buckingham Palace, and St Paul's Cathedral. In the afternoon, we had a pizza and then took a bus to the train station. Travelling by bus in London is a great way to see the sights. We caught an evening train to Stratford-upon-Avon and arrived at about nine o'clock. We went to our hotel and had an early night. We wanted to get up early the next day and explore Shakespeare's birthplace.

Example: Maria and her friend got to London in the \_\_\_\_.

- A morning ☐  
B afternoon ☒  
C evening ☐

- 1 They \_\_\_\_ to their hotel.  
A walked ☐ B drove ☐  
C travelled by bus ☐
- 2 They ate \_\_\_\_.  
A at the airport ☐ B at the hotel ☐  
C in a café ☐
- 3 Maria bought \_\_\_\_.  
A a bag ☐ B some clothes ☐ C a picture ☐
- 4 In the evening they \_\_\_\_.  
A stayed at the hotel ☐ B ate in a pub ☐  
C talked to some people ☐
- 5 Maria ate \_\_\_\_.  
A an English breakfast and fruit ☐  
B toast and fruit ☐ C fruit ☐
- 6 They had lunch \_\_\_\_.  
A in London ☐ B on the train ☐  
C at the station ☐

7 When they arrived in Stratford-upon-Avon, they \_\_\_\_.

A went to Shakespeare's house ☐

B went to bed ☐ C walked around the town ☐

7

2 Read the diary again. Are the sentences True (T) or False (F)?

Example: Maria and her friend travelled to London by train. F

- 1 London taxis are usually cheap. \_\_\_\_
- 2 When they arrived at the hotel, they had lunch. \_\_\_\_
- 3 Maria bought a jacket in Oxford Street. \_\_\_\_
- 4 They ate English food in the evening. \_\_\_\_
- 5 Maria and Anna liked the pub in Covent Garden. \_\_\_\_
- 6 Anna had a big breakfast. \_\_\_\_
- 7 They got a bus to Trafalgar Square. \_\_\_\_
- 8 They arrived in Stratford-upon-Avon at night. \_\_\_\_

8

Reading total ☐ 15

## WRITING

Describe your last night out. Answer these questions.

- 1 Where did you go?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 What time did you go out?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Who did you go with?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 What did you do?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 What did you wear?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 What did you eat and drink?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Did you meet anyone?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 How did you go home?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 9 What time did you get home?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10 Did you have a good time?  
\_\_\_\_\_

10

Reading and Writing total ☐ 25

## READING

1 Read Maria's diary. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Saturday 18 July

We left home early in the morning, but our flight was delayed and we didn't arrive at Heathrow until late in the afternoon. We were really tired, but we took a bus to our hotel because taxis in London are very expensive. When we got to the hotel, we had a rest and then went out to explore the city. We had a quick sandwich in a small café and then headed for Oxford Street. I bought a jacket and some T-shirts. I wanted to buy a bag as well, but I couldn't find one that I liked. In the evening, we ate in an Italian restaurant and went to a typical English pub in Covent Garden. We met some really nice English people and had so much fun that we didn't get back to the hotel until very late!

Sunday 19 July

We got up late and had breakfast in a café. I had a full English breakfast, and then I had some fruit. Anna just had toast. After breakfast, we went for a walk around the city. We saw Nelson's Column in Trafalgar Square, Buckingham Palace, and St Paul's Cathedral. In the afternoon, we had a pizza and then took a bus to the train station. Travelling by bus in London is a great way to see the sights. We caught an evening train to Stratford-upon-Avon and arrived at about nine o'clock. We went to our hotel and had an early night. We wanted to get up early the next day and explore Shakespeare's birthplace.

Example: Maria and her friend got to London in the \_\_\_\_.

- A morning ☐  
 B afternoon ☒  
 C evening ☐

- 1 They \_\_\_\_ to their hotel.  
 A travelled by bus ☐ B went by taxi ☐  
 C walked ☐
- 2 They ate \_\_\_\_.  
 A at the airport ☐ B in a café ☐  
 C at the hotel ☐
- 3 Maria didn't buy \_\_\_\_.  
 A a bag ☐ B some clothes ☐ C a jacket ☐
- 4 In the evening they \_\_\_\_.  
 A stayed at the hotel ☐  
 B had some Italian food ☐  
 C had typical English food ☐
- 5 Anna ate \_\_\_\_.  
 A an English breakfast and fruit ☐  
 B fruit ☐ C toast ☐
- 6 They \_\_\_\_ to the railway station.  
 A walked ☐ B went by bus ☐ C went by train ☐

7 When they arrived in Stratford on Avon, they \_\_\_\_.

- A went to bed ☐ B stayed up late ☐  
 C went to Shakespeare's house ☐

7

2 Read the diary again. Are the sentences True (T) or False (F)?

Example: Maria and her friend travelled to London by train. F

- 1 London taxis are usually expensive. \_\_\_\_
- 2 After they had a rest at the hotel, they went to a café. \_\_\_\_
- 3 Anna bought a bag in Oxford Street. \_\_\_\_
- 4 They talked to some people in the evening. \_\_\_\_
- 5 Maria and Anna didn't like the pub in Covent Garden. \_\_\_\_
- 6 Maria had a small breakfast. \_\_\_\_
- 7 They walked to Buckingham Palace. \_\_\_\_
- 8 They arrived in Stratford-upon-Avon and went to bed late. \_\_\_\_

8

Reading total **15**

## WRITING

Describe your last holiday. Answer these questions.

- 1 Where did you go?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Who did you go with?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 How did you travel?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Where did you stay?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 How long did you stay?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 What did you do?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Did you buy anything?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 Did you have a good time?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 What time did you get home?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 Did you have any problems?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

10

Reading and Writing total **25**

## LISTENING

Listen to a police officer interview a woman.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- Inspector Grainger arrived at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A 8.00 ☐ B 8.30 ☐ C 9.00 ☐
- Mr Travers died between \_\_\_\_\_.  
A midnight and 7.00 ☐ B 7.00 and midnight ☐  
C 10.00 and midnight ☐
- After dinner Mrs Travers \_\_\_\_\_.  
A went to bed ☐ B played cards ☐  
C walked in the garden ☐
- The next day she got up at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A 7.50 ☐ B 7.15 ☐ C 7.00 ☐
- She took her husband a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A cup of tea ☐ B glass of water ☐  
C cup of coffee ☐

Listening total **10**Speaking total **15**Listening and Speaking total **25**

## LISTENING

Listen to a police officer interview a woman.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- Inspector Grainger was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A short ☐ B fat ☐ C tall ☐
- The Inspector interviewed Mrs Travers in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A garden ☐ B library ☐  
C living room ☐
- Mrs Travers went to bed at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A 11.45 ☐ B midnight ☐  
C 12.15 ☐
- She went to sleep at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A 12.30 ☐ B 1.00 ☐ C 12.15 ☐
- After she got up she had \_\_\_\_\_.  
A a bath ☐ B breakfast ☐  
C a shower ☐

Listening total **10**Speaking total **15**Listening and Speaking total **25**

## SPEAKING

## Student A

- Ask your partner about his / her last night out.

- Where did you go?
- Who did you go with?
- What did you wear?
- What did you do?
- Did you have a good time?

Now answer your partner's questions about your last holiday.

- Answer your partner's questions about Marie Curie.

**Marie Curie**  
Born Warsaw, Poland 7/11/1867  
Famous scientist  
First woman who won a Nobel Prize  
Died 1934

Now ask your partner about his / her famous person.

- Who / ?
- When / born?
- Where / born?
- What / do?
- Why / famous?
- When / die?

## SPEAKING

## Student B

- Answer your partner's questions about your last night out.

Now ask your partner about his / her last holiday.

- Where did you go?
- How did you travel?
- Was it expensive?
- Where did you stay?
- Who did you go with?

- You have information about Mozart. Your partner has information about another famous person. Ask these questions.

- Who / ?
- When / born?
- Where / born?
- What / do?
- Why / famous?
- When / die?

Now answer your partner's questions about Mozart.

**Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart**  
Born Salzburg, Austria 27/1/1756  
Famous musician and composer  
Wrote 41 symphonies  
Died 1791

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Complete the sentences.

Example: Is there a TV in my hotel room?

- 1 There \_\_\_\_\_ any wine, but there's some water.
- 2 There \_\_\_\_\_ a good film on TV last night.
- 3 Are there \_\_\_\_\_ guests at the hotel?
- 4 There \_\_\_\_\_ any famous people at the party last week!
- 5 'Were there any ghosts in your room?' 'No, there \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 6 '\_\_\_\_\_ there a good restaurant?' 'Yes, there was.'

6

## 2 Correct the sentences.



Example: The dog's running.

No, it isn't. It's barking.

- 1 The baby's eating.

\_\_\_\_\_.

- 2 They're talking.

\_\_\_\_\_.

- 3 She's running.

\_\_\_\_\_.

- 4 They're cycling.

\_\_\_\_\_.

- 5 He's drinking.

\_\_\_\_\_.

- 6 He's listening to music.

\_\_\_\_\_.

- 7 They're watching football.

\_\_\_\_\_.

7

## 3 Complete the e-mail with the verbs in the present simple or the present continuous.

Hi John

How are you? At the moment, I'm listening (listen) to music. I usually <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music in the evenings. On Fridays, I sometimes <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the cinema with Suzie, but she <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (study) now. She <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a lot of work. My cousin <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) with us at the moment and he <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for me downstairs. <sup>7</sup> I \_\_\_\_\_ (think) he wants to go to the pub.

See you soon

Robert

7

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Complete the places.

Example: You can learn English in a school.

- 1 You send a letter from a p\_\_\_\_\_ o\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 You can see old things in a m\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 You drive your car on a r\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 You can see actors in a t\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 You can buy clothes in a d\_\_\_\_\_ s\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 You can get a train from a r\_\_\_\_\_ s\_\_\_\_\_.

6



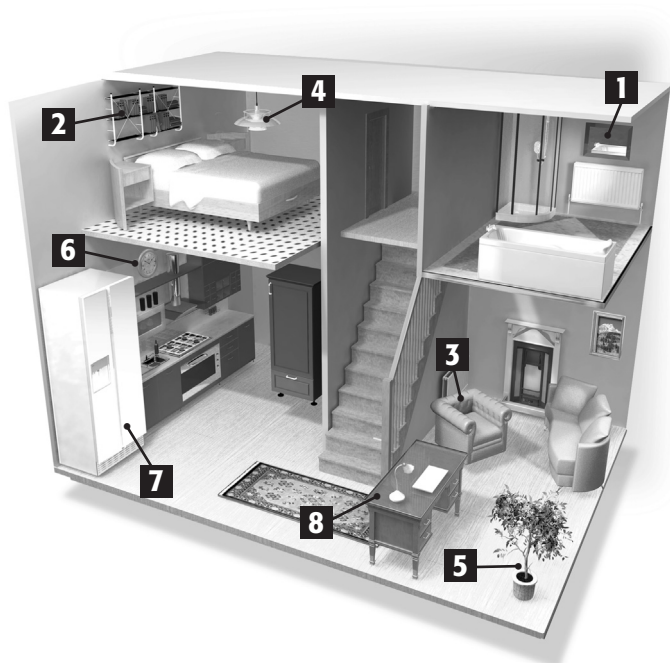
5 Underline the odd word out.

Example: supermarket department store  
shopping centre police station

- 1 river square road street
- 2 bathroom garden hall kitchen
- 3 wall stairs lamp floor
- 4 bus station school railway station airport
- 5 art gallery theatre bridge museum
- 6 shower bed mirror bath

 6

## 6 Write the things in the house.



Example: sofa

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1 m _____ | 5 p _____ |
| 2 s _____ | 6 c _____ |
| 3 a _____ | 7 f _____ |
| 4 l _____ | 8 d _____ |

 8

Vocabulary total  20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Write the words in the correct space.

asking calling crying going moving raining



asking 1 \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_

 5
8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 bathroom
- 2 behind
- 3 opposite
- 4 table
- 5 cinema

 5

Pronunciation total  10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total  50

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Correct the sentences.



Example: They're talking.

No they aren't. They're arguing.

1 The dog's running.

\_\_\_\_\_.

2 She's running.

\_\_\_\_\_.

3 He's drinking.

\_\_\_\_\_.

4 They're watching football.

\_\_\_\_\_.

5 He's listening to music.

\_\_\_\_\_.

6 They're cycling.

\_\_\_\_\_.

7 The baby's eating.

\_\_\_\_\_.

7

## 2 Complete the e-mail with the verbs in the present simple or the present continuous.

Hi David

How are you? At the moment, I'm listening (listen) to music.

I usually <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music in the mornings. On

Saturdays, I sometimes <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the cinema with

Mary, but she <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (study) now. She

<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a lot of work. My cousin

<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) with us at the moment and he

<sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for me downstairs. <sup>7</sup> I \_\_\_\_\_

(think) he wants to go to the park.

See you soon

John

7

## 3 Complete the sentences.

Example: There weren't any famous people at the party last week!

1 Are there \_\_\_\_\_ guests at the hotel?

2 'Were there any ghosts in your room?' 'No, there \_\_\_\_\_.'

3 \_\_\_\_\_ there a TV in my hotel room?

4 '\_\_\_\_\_ there a good restaurant?' 'Yes, there was.'

5 There \_\_\_\_\_ a good film on TV last night.

6 There \_\_\_\_\_ any wine, but there's some water.

6

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

4 Underline the odd word out.

Example: shower bed mirror bath

1 bus station school railway station airport

2 river square road street

3 wall stairs lamp floor

4 art gallery theatre bridge museum

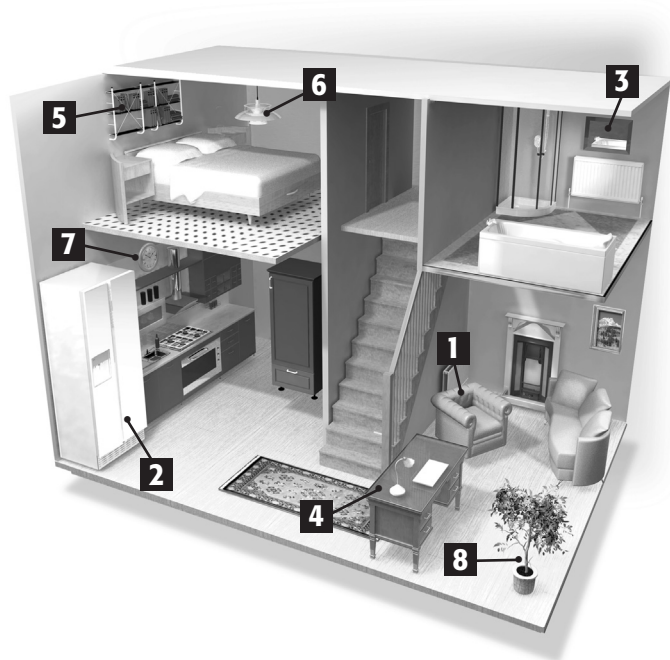
5 supermarket department store shopping centre  
police station

6 bathroom garden hall kitchen

6



5 Write the things in the house.



Example: *sofa*

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1 a _____ | 5 s _____ |
| 2 f _____ | 6 l _____ |
| 3 m _____ | 7 c _____ |
| 4 d _____ | 8 p _____ |

8

6 Complete the places.

Example: You drive your car on a road.

- 1 You send a letter from a p \_\_\_\_\_ o \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 You can learn English in a s \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 You can see actors in a t \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 You can see old things in a m \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 You can get a train from a r \_\_\_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 You can buy clothes in a d \_\_\_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_.

6

Grammar total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 opposite
- 2 bathroom
- 3 behind
- 4 cinema
- 5 table

5

8 Write the words in the correct space.

asking calling crying going moving raining



asking



1

2



3



4



5

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## READING

1 Read the adverts and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

*Mansfield Cottage* is a comfortable house in the heart of the British countryside. Downstairs, there's a large living room, a dining room, a kitchen, and a study. Upstairs, there are three large bedrooms and a bathroom. The garden is spacious and there's a garage next to the property. There are excellent schools in the area, and don't worry about the neighbours. There aren't any! You can rent *Mansfield Cottage* from Pullman's Estate Agent's. Please ring 01783 893022 between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday to Friday or e-mail sue.vaughan@pullmans.co.uk.

*Fair Place* is a traditional town house in a quiet road. The house has three floors. Downstairs, there's a modern kitchen, an impressive dining room, a living room, and a toilet. On the first floor, there are two bedrooms, a study, and a bathroom. On the top floor there are two further bedrooms and a bathroom. The current owners have updated the whole house and all the furniture and decoration is in excellent condition. Outside, there's a small garden, but parking is on the street. The rent is very good for a property of this size. Please phone Hantan's Estate Agent's during office hours (01837 733920).

*Chestnuts* is a modern flat with great views of London. The flat is in walking distance of the city, but there's plenty of opportunity to escape from the traffic as it's also opposite a large, attractive park. There's one bedroom, a small kitchen, a living room, and a bathroom. All of which are decorated to a very high standard. There's a car park behind the building with space for one car per resident. You can buy this property at a very good price. Phone Parkway Estate Agent's (01883 873910) or go to [www.parkway-info.co.uk](http://www.parkway-info.co.uk) for more information.

Example: *Mansfield Cottage* is in a small town.A True ☐ B False ☒ C Doesn't say ☐1 *Mansfield Cottage* has eight rooms.A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 It's a good home for a family.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 There isn't any furniture in the house.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐4 *Fair Place* is on a noisy street.A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 There are four bedrooms.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

6 It's an expensive place.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐7 *Chestnuts* is next to a park.A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8 It's cheap to rent.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9 There are people in the flat at the moment.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9

2 Write M for *Mansfield Cottage*, F for *Fair Place*, or C for *Chestnuts*.Example: There's a study. M

1 You can park in the garage. \_\_\_\_\_

2 You can buy this place. \_\_\_\_\_

3 There are two bathrooms. \_\_\_\_\_

4 There aren't any neighbours. \_\_\_\_\_

5 It has two floors. \_\_\_\_\_

6 There are four rooms. \_\_\_\_\_

6

Reading total 15

## WRITING

You're on holiday and you get this e-mail from a friend. He asks a lot of questions! Write a postcard to him and answer his questions.

Are you having a good holiday?  
How was the flight?  
Are you staying in a good hotel?  
What did you do yesterday?  
What do you do in the evenings?  
Are you doing a lot of shopping?  
What are you doing at the moment?  
Is the food good?  
Is the weather good?

Dear \_\_\_\_\_

Thanks for your e-mail! I...

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## READING

1 Read the adverts and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

*Mansfield Cottage* is a comfortable house in the heart of the British countryside. Downstairs, there's a large living room, a dining room, a kitchen, and a study. Upstairs, there are three large bedrooms and a bathroom. The garden is spacious and there's a garage next to the property. There are excellent schools in the area, and don't worry about the neighbours. There aren't any! You can rent *Mansfield Cottage* from Pullman's Estate Agent's. Please ring 01783 893022 between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday to Friday or e-mail sue.vaughan@pullmans.co.uk.

*Fair Place* is a traditional town house in a quiet road. The house has three floors. Downstairs, there's a modern kitchen, an impressive dining room, a living room, and a toilet. On the first floor, there are two bedrooms, a study, and a bathroom. On the top floor there are two further bedrooms and a bathroom. The current owners have updated the whole house and all the furniture and decoration is in excellent condition. Outside, there's a small garden, but parking is on the street. The rent is very good for a property of this size. Please phone Hantan's Estate Agent's during office hours (01837 733920).

*Chestnuts* is a modern flat with great views of London. The flat is in walking distance of the city, but there's plenty of opportunity to escape from the traffic as it's also opposite a large, attractive park. There's one bedroom, a small kitchen, a living room, and a bathroom. All of which are decorated to a very high standard. There's a car park behind the building with space for one car per resident. You can buy this property at a very good price. Phone Parkway Estate Agent's (01883 873910) or go to [www.parkway-info.co.uk](http://www.parkway-info.co.uk) for more information.

Example: *Mansfield Cottage* is in a small town.

A True ☐ B False ☒ C Doesn't say ☐

1 *Mansfield Cottage* has four rooms.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 It's not a good home for a family.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 There is some furniture in the house.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

4 *Fair Place* is on a busy street.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 There are two bedrooms.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

6 It's not an expensive place.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

7 *Chestnuts* is near a park.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8 It's expensive to rent.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9 There aren't any people in the flat at the moment.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9

2 Write M for *Mansfield Cottage*, F for *Fair Place*, or C for *Chestnuts*.

Example: There's a study. M

1 You can park in the car park. \_\_\_\_\_

2 You can't rent this place. \_\_\_\_\_

3 There is some furniture. \_\_\_\_\_

4 There are eight rooms. \_\_\_\_\_

5 There are two bathrooms. \_\_\_\_\_

6 It has one floor. \_\_\_\_\_

6

Reading total

15

## WRITING

You're on holiday and you get this e-mail from a friend. She asks a lot of questions! Write a postcard to her and answer her questions.

Are you having a good time?  
Was the flight very long?  
Where are you staying?  
Is your hotel good?  
What did you do this morning?  
What can you do in the evenings?  
Are there any interesting buildings?  
Are the restaurants good?  
Are the museums good?

Dear \_\_\_\_\_

Thanks for your e-mail! I...

10

Reading and Writing total

25

## LISTENING

Listen to an estate agent telling a woman about a house. Underline the correct information in the form.

## Happy Homes

- |                                |                                       |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 Number of bedrooms           | three / four                          |
| 2 Number of bathrooms upstairs | one / two                             |
| 3 How old is the house?        | 19 years / 90 years                   |
| 4 The woman wants to see it on | Thursday morning / Thursday afternoon |
| 5 She wants to see it at       | 5.45 / 6.15                           |

Listening total  10Speaking total  15Listening and Speaking total  25

## LISTENING

Listen to an estate agent telling a woman about a house. Underline the correct information in the form.

## Happy Homes

- |                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 How far from Cambridge?        | 13 miles / 30 miles                      |
| 2 Number of bathrooms downstairs | one / two                                |
| 3 Garden                         | small / large                            |
| 4 The woman wants to see it on   | Wednesday afternoon / Thursday afternoon |
| 5 They arrange to meet           | at the house / in the office             |

Listening total  10Speaking total  15Listening and Speaking total  25

## SPEAKING

## Student A

## 1 Ask your partner about his / her flat or house.

- 1 How many bedrooms are there?
- 2 Is there a garden?
- 3 Are there any plants in the living room?
- 4 Is there a garage?
- 5 Are there any pictures on the walls?
- 6 Where's the bathroom?
- 7 Is there central heating?

Now answer your partner's questions.

## 2 Read this information and answer your partner's questions about the Prado Museum.

## Prado Museum of Art, Madrid

Open Tuesday to Sunday 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Closed Monday

Tickets: 18 years and over 3  
Under 18 free  
Free on Sundays

Guided tours Saturdays and Sundays only (about an hour)

Metro: Banco de España and Atocha Stations

Ask your partner these questions about the Empire State Building.

- |                     |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| • Where / ?         | • How high / ?     |
| • What time / open? | • How much / ?     |
| • / open 1 January? | • How / get there? |

## SPEAKING

## Student B

## 1 Answer your partner's questions.

Now ask your partner about his / her bedroom.

- 1 How big is it?
- 2 How many windows are there?
- 3 Is there a desk?
- 4 Are there any pictures on the walls?
- 5 How many chairs are there?
- 6 Are there any shelves?
- 7 Is there a TV?

## 2 Ask your partner these questions about the Prado Museum.

- |                             |                    |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| • Where / ?                 | • / open Sunday?   |
| • / guided tours? How long? | • How much / ?     |
| • What time / open?         | • How / get there? |

Now read this information and answer your partner's questions about the Empire State Building.

## Empire State Building, New York

443.2 metres high, 103 floors

Open 9.30 a.m. to midnight, 365 days a year

Tickets: Adults \$11  
Children \$6  
Under 5 free

Take a subway to 34th Street or Penn Station.

## GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.

Example: We can't have an omelette. There aren't any eggs.

- 1 'Can I have a sandwich, please?' 'Sorry. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ bread.'
- 2 'I'm hungry.' 'Do you want \_\_\_\_\_ apple?'
- 3 'I can make \_\_\_\_\_ pasta this evening.'
- 4 'Are there \_\_\_\_\_ bananas?' 'No. I had the last one.'
- 5 'I'm a vegetarian. I don't want \_\_\_\_\_ meat.'
- 6 'There's \_\_\_\_\_ pineapple in the fridge.'

6

2 Underline the correct word or phrase in each sentence.

Example: How much / many coffee do you drink?

- 1 We don't eat **much** / **many** bananas in our house.
- 2 I didn't eat **no** / **any** cake. I wasn't hungry.
- 3 She eats **much** / **a lot of** biscuits. She loves them.
- 4 Mark buys **many** / **a lot of** fruit. He's very healthy.
- 5 I don't have **much** / **many** free time. I work very hard.
- 6 'How much chocolate do you eat?' '**A lot of** / **A lot**'

6

3 Complete the e-mail. Use the correct form of *going to* and the verb in brackets.

Hi Tim

How are you? Are you going to come (come) to my party next month? It <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (be) really good fun. I want to have some great music, so I

<sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a good DJ. My parents <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (pay) for the food and drink.

My sister <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) there because she <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (travel) to Canada with a friend next week. Sorry! They

<sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) to Montreal and then they <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) by train to Vancouver. It's

their dream holiday! They <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a fantastic time!

Hope you can come to the party!

Ben

8

Grammar total

20

## VOCABULARY

## 4 Complete the phrase with the correct verb.

Example: go on a boat trip

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ the sights
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ clubbing
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ at a campsite
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ shopping
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ in a hotel

5

## 5 Write the words in the correct column.

apples coffee grapes onions oranges  
pineapples peas tea water

Fruit

Vegetables

Drinks

apples

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

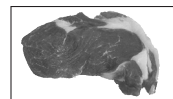
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

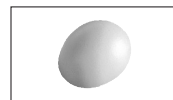
8

## 6 Write the words.

Example: meat



1 \_\_\_\_\_



2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_



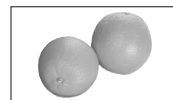
4 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_



6 \_\_\_\_\_



7 \_\_\_\_\_



7

Vocabulary total

20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Write the words in the correct space.

bread could move ~~peas~~ steak young

peas



1



2



3



4



5

5

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

1 pineapple

2 dinner

3 spaghetti

4 pasta

5 potatoes

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50



## GRAMMAR

- 1 Underline the correct word or phrase in each sentence.

Example: We don't eat many / **much** apples in our house.

- She eats **much** / **a lot of** biscuits. She loves them.
- I didn't eat **no** / **any** cake. I wasn't hungry.
- 'How much chocolate do you eat?' '**A lot** / **A lot of**.'
- Mark buys **many** / **a lot of** fruit. He's very healthy.
- I don't have **many** / **much** free time. I work very hard.
- How **much** / **many** coffee do you drink?

6

- 2 Complete the e-mail. Use the correct form of going to and the verb in brackets.

Hi Daniel

How are you? Are you going to come (come) to my party next week? It <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (be) really good fun. I want to have some great music, so I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a good DJ. My parents <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (pay) for the food and drink.

My cousin <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) there because she <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (travel) to Canada with a friend next week. Sorry! They <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) to Vancouver and then they <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) by train to Montreal. It's their dream holiday! They <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a fantastic time!

Hope you can come to the party!

David

8

- 3 Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.

Example: 'Are there any bananas?'  
'No. I had the last one.'

- 'I'm a vegetarian. I don't want \_\_\_\_\_ meat.'
- 'I can make \_\_\_\_\_ pasta tomorrow evening.'
- We can't have an omelette. There aren't \_\_\_\_\_ eggs.
- 'Can I have some toast, please?' 'Sorry. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ bread.'
- 'There's \_\_\_\_\_ pineapple in the fridge.'
- 'I'm hungry.' 'Do you want \_\_\_\_\_ orange?'

6

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

- 4 Write the words in the correct column.

apples coffee grapes onions oranges  
~~pineapples~~ peas tea water

Fruit	Vegetables	Drinks
<u>pineapples</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

8

- 5 Write the words.

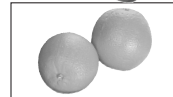
Example: cheese



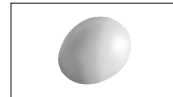
1 \_\_\_\_\_



2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_



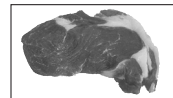
5 \_\_\_\_\_



6 \_\_\_\_\_



7 \_\_\_\_\_



7

- 6 Complete the phrase with the correct verb.

Example: go clubbing

- \_\_\_\_\_ at a campsite
- \_\_\_\_\_ on a boat trip
- \_\_\_\_\_ the sights
- \_\_\_\_\_ in a hotel
- \_\_\_\_\_ shopping

5

Vocabulary total 20



## PRONUNCIATION

7 Write the words in the correct space.

move peas steak bread ~~young~~ could



young

1

2



3

4

5

5

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

1 pasta

2 potatoes

3 dinner

4 spaghetti

5 pineapple

5

Pronunciation total

10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

50

## READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### *I love my job!*

James Shannon is a chef in a London restaurant. He talks about his job.

I work at *Suzie's*, which is one of the most popular restaurants in central London. The best part of working there is being part of a fantastic team of friendly and talented people.

I started by washing dishes when I was only 16. I wasn't interested in food and I never cooked at home, but I worked hard, and soon became a waiter. Simon, who was head chef at the time, then began to show me how to cook and I loved it so much I went to college to learn more.

When Simon left *Suzie's*, I became head chef. At the time all the food was British. The quality was excellent, but I wanted to do something different, so I decided to have an international menu. Now we serve food from all around the world. There are so many fantastic markets and food shops in London that I can usually find any ingredient I need.

I use a lot of natural ingredients such as brown rice, organic flour, and pasta. Some people think that healthy food is boring, but they're wrong. Well-prepared natural food has so much more flavour than fast food. Our food is healthy and our customers love it. We use the very best meat and the highest quality vegetables.

*Suzie's* is open Monday to Friday from 5 p.m. to 11 p.m., and from 12 a.m. to 11 p.m. at weekends. On Fridays and Saturdays we play live music from around the world. There's a children's menu on Sundays and that's when we serve traditional British food.

Example: James started as \_\_\_\_.

- A a waiter ☐  
 B a chef ☐  
 C a dish washer ☒

- 1 James started to learn how to cook \_\_\_\_.  
 A at college ☐  
 B at the restaurant ☐  
 C at home ☐
- 2 When James became head chef, he changed the \_\_\_\_.  
 A restaurant's name ☐  
 B kind of food ☐  
 C waiters ☐
- 3 James finds ingredients in \_\_\_\_.  
 A other countries ☐  
 B different places in Britain ☐  
 C London ☐
- 4 There is music \_\_\_\_.  
 A every day ☐  
 B twice a week ☐  
 C on Sundays ☐

- 5 You can't eat at *Suzie's* \_\_\_\_.  
 A on Saturday afternoons ☐  
 B on Monday evenings ☐  
 C on Sunday mornings ☐
- 6 *Suzie's* doesn't serve \_\_\_\_.  
 A meat ☐  
 B fast food ☐  
 C British food ☐

6

2 Are the sentences True (T) or False (F)?

Example: James likes his job. *T*

- 1 James left school and then worked at *Suzie's*. \_\_\_\_  
 2 James often cooked for his family. \_\_\_\_  
 3 He liked Simon's food. \_\_\_\_  
 4 It can be difficult to find the ingredients in London. \_\_\_\_  
 5 James thinks healthy food is boring. \_\_\_\_  
 6 The restaurant is open every day. \_\_\_\_  
 7 The restaurant is open for lunch at the weekend. \_\_\_\_  
 8 The music is usually British. \_\_\_\_  
 9 There is always a children's menu. \_\_\_\_

9

Reading total 15

## WRITING

What do people eat and drink in your country? Write sentences about these things.

Example: tea

*They don't drink much tea.*

- 1 coffee \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 beer and wine \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 potatoes \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 fish \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 sandwiches \_\_\_\_\_

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### I love my job!

James Shannon is a chef in a London restaurant. He talks about his job.

I work at Suzie's, which is one of the most popular restaurants in central London. The best part of working there is being part of a fantastic team of friendly and talented people.

I started by washing dishes when I was only 16. I wasn't interested in food and I never cooked at home, but I worked hard, and soon became a waiter. Simon, who was head chef at the time, then began to show me how to cook and I loved it so much I went to college to learn more.

When Simon left Suzie's, I became head chef. At the time all the food was British. The quality was excellent, but I wanted to do something different, so I decided to have an international menu. Now we serve food from all around the world. There are so many fantastic markets and food shops in London that I can usually find any ingredient I need.

I use a lot of natural ingredients such as brown rice, organic flour, and pasta. Some people think that healthy food is boring, but they're wrong. Well-prepared natural food has so much more flavour than fast food. Our food is healthy and our customers love it. We use the very best meat and the highest quality vegetables.

Suzie's is open Monday to Friday from 5 p.m. to 11 p.m., and from 12 a.m. to 11 p.m. at weekends. On Fridays and Saturdays we play live music from around the world. There's a children's menu on Sundays and that's when we serve traditional British food.

Example: The chef's name is \_\_\_\_.

- A James ☒
- B Simon ☐
- C Suzie ☐

1 James started as a \_\_\_\_.

- A waiter ☐
- B chef ☐
- C dish washer ☐

2 When he was 16, James \_\_\_\_.

- A started work at the restaurant ☐
- B was a good cook ☐
- C was interested in food ☐

3 James likes using \_\_\_\_ ingredients.

- A British ☐
- B natural ☐
- C international ☐

4 The restaurant opens early \_\_\_\_.

- A every day ☐
- B on Sundays ☐
- C twice a week ☐

5 You can't eat at Suzie's \_\_\_\_.

- A on Monday evenings ☐
- B on Saturday afternoons ☐
- C on Sunday mornings ☐

6 Suzie's sometimes serves \_\_\_\_.

- A boring food ☐
- B fast food ☐
- C British food ☐

6

2 Are the sentences True (T) or False (F)?

Example: James likes his job. T

- 1 James became head chef when he was 16. \_\_\_\_
- 2 James didn't cook at home. \_\_\_\_
- 3 He didn't like Simon's food. \_\_\_\_
- 4 It's usually difficult to find the ingredients in London. \_\_\_\_
- 5 Simon thinks healthy food isn't boring. \_\_\_\_
- 6 The restaurant is open five days a week. \_\_\_\_
- 7 The restaurant isn't open for lunch in the week. \_\_\_\_
- 8 The music is usually international. \_\_\_\_
- 9 There is a children's menu during the week. \_\_\_\_

9

Reading total 15

## WRITING

What do you eat and drink? Write sentences about these things.

Example: coffee

They don't drink much coffee.

1 tea

\_\_\_\_\_.

2 eggs

\_\_\_\_\_.

3 fruit

\_\_\_\_\_.

4 sweets

\_\_\_\_\_.

5 ice cream

\_\_\_\_\_.

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## LISTENING

Listen to two couples talk about their holidays.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- Lisa and Jon didn't like \_\_\_\_\_.  
A the people ☐ B camping ☐ C the big cities ☐
- The weather in Norway was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A hot ☐ B nice ☐ C wet ☐
- Every night Lisa and Jon went to bed \_\_\_\_\_.  
A late ☐ B at different times ☐ C early ☐
- Jerry and Sue didn't like the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A hotel ☐ B people ☐ C nightlife ☐
- Next year Jerry and Sue are going to go to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A Norway ☐ B New York ☐ C another city ☐

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## LISTENING

Listen to two couples talk about their holidays.  
Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- Lisa and Jon liked \_\_\_\_\_.  
A the people ☐ B camping ☐ C the big cities ☐
- Every day Lisa and Jon \_\_\_\_\_.  
A went shopping ☐ B worked ☐ C had fun ☐
- Jerry and Sue liked the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A nightlife ☐ B hotel ☐ C weather ☐
- Jerry and Sue's hotel was very \_\_\_\_\_.  
A nice ☐ B big ☐ C expensive ☐
- Next year Lisa and Jon are going to go to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A Norway ☐ B New York ☐ C Amsterdam ☐

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## SPEAKING

## Student A

- Ask your partner about his / her plans.
  - Where are you going to go after class?
  - What are you going to do tomorrow?
  - Are you going to go out at the weekend?
  - Are you going to read an English book tonight?
  - Are you going to go on holiday next summer?
  - Where are you going to have dinner tonight?

Now answer your partner's questions about your plans.
- Read this extract from Linda's food diary and answer your partner's questions.

## Linda's food diary

## Monday

water	1/2 litre	apples	2
beer	—	coffee	1 cup
eggs	1	orange juice	2 glasses
biscuits	3		

Now ask your partner about what Bruce ate and drank on Monday.

How much / How many...?

- |                  |                        |
|------------------|------------------------|
| • water / drink  | • apples / eat         |
| • biscuits / eat | • orange juice / drink |
| • eggs / eat     | • coffee / drink       |

## SPEAKING

## Student B

- Answer your partner's questions about your plans.  
Now ask your partner about his / her plans.
  - Are you going to study English next year?
  - What are you going to do next weekend?
  - Are you going to watch TV tonight?
  - Are you going to do homework after class?
  - Are you going to travel this year?
  - Are you going to have a coffee after class?
- Ask your partner about what Linda ate and drank on Monday.

How much / How many...?

- |                  |                        |
|------------------|------------------------|
| • water / drink  | • apples / eat         |
| • biscuits / eat | • orange juice / drink |
| • eggs / eat     | • coffee / drink       |

Now read Bruce's food diary and answer your partner's questions.

## Bruce's food diary

## Monday

water	1 glass	apples	—
beer	3 glasses	coffee	5 cups
eggs	2	orange juice	1 glass
biscuits	—		

## GRAMMAR

- 1 Write the comparative or superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

Example: Your car is more expensive (expensive) than mine.

- I'm the \_\_\_\_\_ (happy) person in the world!
- She's the \_\_\_\_\_ (good) swimmer in the class.
- It's \_\_\_\_\_ (hot) in Italy than in Norway.
- Winter is the \_\_\_\_\_ (dangerous) time of the year for some animals.
- This year's work is \_\_\_\_\_ (hard) than last year's work.
- I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (young) than my sister.
- Tim's the \_\_\_\_\_ (bad) football player I know.
- I think the mountains are \_\_\_\_\_ (beautiful) than the beach.

6 8

- 2 Complete the sentences with *do*, *don't*, *would*, or *wouldn't*.

Example: Do you like fish?

- I \_\_\_\_\_ like to go to China one day.
- 'Would you like to dance?' 'No! I \_\_\_\_\_ like this music.'
- 'Would you like some lunch?' 'Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.'
- I \_\_\_\_\_ like to go to Australia. I don't like flying.
- 'Would you like to do a parachute jump?' 'No, I \_\_\_\_\_'. It's very dangerous.'
- \_\_\_\_\_ you like shopping for clothes?

6 6

- 3 Complete the sentences with an adjective or an adverb. Use the correct form of the words in the box.

beautiful careful hard healthy perfect  
safe ~~slow~~

Example: I don't understand you. Please speak slowly.

- He worked \_\_\_\_\_ and passed the exam.
- She doesn't eat \_\_\_\_\_. She has too much fast food.

- Don't walk home. It isn't \_\_\_\_\_ here at night.
- It's raining. Please drive \_\_\_\_\_.
- That's a \_\_\_\_\_ dress. Where did you buy it?
- They speak English \_\_\_\_\_. Their mother is from Cambridge.

6 6

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: He's very rich. He has a lot of money.  
rich healthy expensive

- Don't be \_\_\_\_\_. I don't like arguing.  
serious aggressive boring
- Paul's very \_\_\_\_\_. He never speaks!  
noisy quiet careful
- Thank you for the money. You're really \_\_\_\_\_.  
generous friendly open
- Hannah likes meeting new people. She's very \_\_\_\_\_.  
friendly aggressive good
- Simon's quite \_\_\_\_\_. He doesn't often laugh or make jokes.  
popular difficult serious
- Sam's very \_\_\_\_\_. He doesn't make many mistakes.  
exciting polite careful
- She's really \_\_\_\_\_. She dresses well every day.  
friendly happy stylish

7 7

- 5 Match the words with the definitions.

altitude breathe cotton freezer hit nose roof

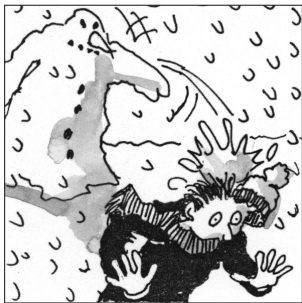
Example: high place altitude

- part of your face \_\_\_\_\_
- it's colder than a fridge \_\_\_\_\_
- you find it on your house \_\_\_\_\_
- what you do with a tennis ball \_\_\_\_\_
- you need oxygen to do this \_\_\_\_\_
- your clothes are often this \_\_\_\_\_

6 6



## 6 Write the weather words.

Example: It's snowing.

1 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



2 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



3 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



4 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



5 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



6 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



7 It's \_\_\_\_\_.

7

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

## 7 Write the words in the correct space.

cloudy friendly high ~~meet~~ popular worse

meet



1



2



3



4



5

5

## 8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

1 healthier

2 crowded

3 dangerous

4 aggressive

5 carefully

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## GRAMMAR

- 1 Complete the sentences with *do*, *don't*, *would*, or *wouldn't*.

Example: 'Would you like to do a parachute jump?'  
'No, I wouldn't. It's very dangerous.'

- 'Would you like to dance?' 'No! I \_\_\_\_\_ like this song.'
- \_\_\_\_\_ you like shopping for food?
- I \_\_\_\_\_ like to go to Russia one day.
- \_\_\_\_\_ you like cheese?
- I \_\_\_\_\_ like to go to Brazil. I don't like flying.
- 'Would you like some breakfast?' 'Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.'

6

- 2 Complete the sentences with an adjective or an adverb. Use the correct form of the words in the box.

beautiful careful hard ~~healthy~~ perfect  
safe slow

Example: She doesn't eat healthily. She has too much fast food.

- They speak French \_\_\_\_\_. Their mother is from Paris.
- It's snowing. Please drive \_\_\_\_\_.
- Don't walk home. It isn't \_\_\_\_\_ here in the evening.
- I can't understand you. Please speak \_\_\_\_\_.
- That's a \_\_\_\_\_ jacket. Where did you buy it?
- He worked \_\_\_\_\_ and passed the test.

6

- 3 Write the comparative or superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

Example: It's hotter (hot) in Italy than in Norway.

- Your shirt is \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) than mine.
- Winter is the \_\_\_\_\_ (dangerous) time of the year for some animals.
- Tim's the \_\_\_\_\_ (bad) chess player I know.
- I'm the \_\_\_\_\_ (happy) person in the world!

- She's the \_\_\_\_\_ (good) student in the class.
- This month's test is \_\_\_\_\_ (hard) than last month's test.
- I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (young) than my brother.
- I think the mountains are \_\_\_\_\_ (beautiful) than the sea.

8

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

- 4 Match the words with the definitions.

altitude breathe cotton ~~freezer~~ hit nose roof

Example: it's colder than a fridge freezer

- high place \_\_\_\_\_
- your clothes are often this \_\_\_\_\_
- what you do with a tennis ball \_\_\_\_\_
- part of your face \_\_\_\_\_
- you need oxygen to do this \_\_\_\_\_
- you find it on your house \_\_\_\_\_

6

- 5 Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: Helen's very quiet. She never speaks!  
noisy quiet careful

- Thank you for the money. You're very \_\_\_\_\_.  
generous friendly open
- Don't be \_\_\_\_\_! I hate arguing.  
serious aggressive boring
- She's very \_\_\_\_\_. She always dresses well.  
friendly happy stylish
- Julie's very \_\_\_\_\_. She doesn't make many mistakes.  
exciting polite careful
- Jeff is quite \_\_\_\_\_. He doesn't often laugh or make jokes.  
popular difficult serious
- She's very \_\_\_\_\_. She has a lot of money.  
rich healthy expensive
- Sonya likes meeting new people. She's very \_\_\_\_\_.  
friendly aggressive good

7



## VOCABULARY

6 Write the weather words.

Example: It's raining.

1 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



2 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



3 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



4 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



5 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



6 It's \_\_\_\_\_.



7 It's \_\_\_\_\_.

7

Vocabulary total 20

## PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 aggressive
- 2 crowded
- 3 carefully
- 4 dangerous
- 5 healthier

5

8 Write the words in the correct space.

cloudy ~~high~~ friendly meet popular worse

high



1

2



3



3



4



5

5

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50

## READING

1 Read the magazine article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### The best places to visit

There's no place on earth like Brazil. It has some of the most beautiful beaches in the world, some of the busiest, most exciting cities, as well as the biggest area of unexplored rainforest on the planet. Most people live near the sea so there is a lot of empty space.

The country is, of course, enormous. In fact, Brazil is the fifth largest country in the world. It covers half of South America and has borders with every South American country except Chile and Ecuador. It has 19 cities and more than 170 million people.

Brazil is a fascinating place to visit. The people are warm and friendly and they generally welcome tourists to their country. Traditionally, Brazilians give presents to their hosts when they visit people, so it's a good idea if you do the same! Typical gifts include flowers, sweets, and champagne.

When we think of Brazil, we think of football, music, dancing, and beaches. The most popular pastimes will not come as a surprise: playing football, listening to music, dancing, walking on the beach, or just talking.

Family life is very important and eating together is always special. The most important meal of the day is at about 1.00 p.m. The evening meal doesn't begin until about 9.00 or 10.00 p.m. And then the parties begin. A party can start at any time and for any reason, and go on until the early hours of the morning. Nobody worries about work the next day.

How do Brazilians stay awake with such a lifestyle? Well, Brazil also produces some of the best coffee in the world!

Example: Brazil is the biggest country in the world.

A True ☐ B False ☒ C Doesn't say ☐

1 The population of Brazil is 170 million.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 There aren't any cities in the middle of Brazil.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 Most people live in the rainforest.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

4 Brazil has a border with Ecuador and Chile.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 The cities are all very quiet.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

6 Brazil is an interesting place for tourists.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

7 Brazilian people are usually friendly to tourists.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8 Water sports are very popular.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9 People usually eat early in the evening.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

10 Parties are always at weekends.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

10

2 Read the text again and answer the questions.

1 What attractions does Brazil have for tourists?

\_\_\_\_\_

2 When do Brazilians give presents?

\_\_\_\_\_

3 When do people have dinner?

\_\_\_\_\_

4 What do Brazilians think of tourists?

\_\_\_\_\_

5 When do the parties begin?

\_\_\_\_\_

5

Reading total 15

## WRITING

Read the information about this hotel.

#### Fortuna Hotel

Beautiful hotel by the sea. 100 double rooms, 50 with views over the Mediterranean. Lots of sports to play!

Write an e-mail to the hotel. You want:

- two double rooms with a view
- to arrive on 14 August and leave on 21 August
- information about the hotel's sports facilities
- confirmation of your reservation

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## READING

1 Read the magazine article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### The best places to visit

There's no place on earth like Brazil. It has some of the most beautiful beaches in the world, some of the busiest, most exciting cities, as well as the biggest area of unexplored rainforest on the planet. Most people live near the sea so there is a lot of empty space.

The country is, of course, enormous. In fact, Brazil is the fifth largest country in the world. It covers half of South America and has borders with every South American country except Chile and Ecuador. It has 19 cities and more than 170 million people.

Brazil is a fascinating place to visit. The people are warm and friendly and they generally welcome tourists to their country. Traditionally, Brazilians give presents to their hosts when they visit people, so it's a good idea if you do the same! Typical gifts include flowers, sweets, and champagne.

When we think of Brazil, we think of football, music, dancing, and beaches. The most popular pastimes will not come as a surprise: playing football, listening to music, dancing, walking on the beach, or just talking.

Family life is very important and eating together is always special. The most important meal of the day is at about 1.00 p.m. The evening meal doesn't begin until about 9.00 or 10.00 p.m. And then the parties begin. A party can start at any time and for any reason, and go on until the early hours of the morning. Nobody worries about work the next day.

How do Brazilians stay awake with such a lifestyle? Well, Brazil also produces some of the best coffee in the world!

Example: Brazil is the biggest country in the world.

A True ☐ B False ☒ C Doesn't say ☐

1 170 million people live in Brazilian cities.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 All of Brazil's cities are on the coast.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 Not many people live in the rainforest.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

4 Brazil doesn't have a border with Ecuador and Chile.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 The cities are all very quiet.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

6 Brazil is a boring place for tourists.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

7 Brazilian people are usually friendly to tourists.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8 Music is very popular.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9 Lunch is an important meal.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

10 Parties always start at 10.00 p.m.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

10

2 Read the text again and answer the questions.

1 Why is there a lot of empty space in Brazil?

\_\_\_\_\_

2 What do people often give as presents?

\_\_\_\_\_

3 When do people eat lunch?

\_\_\_\_\_

4 When do they eat in the evening?

\_\_\_\_\_

5 What often happens after dinner?

\_\_\_\_\_

5

Reading total 15

## WRITING

Read the information about this hotel.

#### Hotel Derby

Small hotel in the city centre. Ten double rooms, all with private bathrooms. Five singles, three with private bathrooms.

Write an e-mail to the hotel. You want:

- a single room with a bathroom
- to arrive on 22 September and leave on 24 September
- information about tourist attractions that are near the hotel
- confirmation of your reservation

10

Reading and Writing total 25

## LISTENING

Listen to a psychologist talking about car colour and personality. Write the letter (A–E) next to each colour.

## colour

yellow ☐ ☐white ☐red ☐green ☐

## personality

A popular with women

B popular with careful people

C generous

D more aggressive than normal

E friendly

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## LISTENING

Listen to a psychologist talking about car colour and personality. Write the letter (A–E) next to each colour.

## colour

white ☐blue ☐black ☐ ☐silver ☐

## personality

A stylish

B quiet

C popular with business people

D popular with doctors

E serious

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## SPEAKING

## Student A

## 1 Ask your partner these questions.

- Do you drive carefully?
- Would you like to do a parachute jump?
- Do you sing well?
- Would you like to live in the USA?
- Do you like cooking?

Now answer your partner's questions.

## 2 You have some information about the weather today in five cities. Read the information and answer your partner's questions.

Warsaw	1	
Rome	6	
London	2	
Buenos Aires	26	
Valencia	13	

Your partner has information about five different cities. Ask your partner these questions.

- What / weather / Lisbon?
- What / weather / Prague?
- / Lisbon / hot / La Paz?
- Which / hot / city?
- Which / cold / city?

## SPEAKING

## Student B

## 1 Answer your partner's questions.

Now ask your partner these questions.

- Would you like to travel to Mars?
- Are you a quiet person?
- Do you like reading books?
- Do you speak quickly?
- Would you like to live in Australia?

## 2 You have some information about the weather today in five cities. Your partner has information about five different cities. Ask your partner these questions.

- What / weather / London?
- What / weather / Valencia?
- / Warsaw / hot / Valencia?
- Which / hot / city?
- Which / cold / city?

Now read this information and answer your partner's questions.

Prague	2	
Moscow	-6	
Lisbon	12	
La Paz	6	
Bangkok	34	

## GRAMMAR

## 1 Complete the sentences.

Example: Are you from Italy?

- 1 We \_\_\_\_\_ British, we're American.
- 2 'What's that?' 'It's \_\_\_\_\_ identity card.'
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher live in London?
- 4 I usually get up late \_\_\_\_\_ Sundays.
- 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ sing, but I can play the guitar.
- 6 This bag's \_\_\_\_\_. Look! It's got my name on it.
- 7 Is \_\_\_\_\_ any milk in the fridge?
- 8 I'm taller \_\_\_\_\_ my brother.
- 9 'Would you like to fly a plane?' 'No, I \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 10 I hardly \_\_\_\_\_ watch TV at the weekend.
- 11 \_\_\_\_\_ were a lot of people at the cinema last night.
- 12 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ interesting book I've ever read.
- 13 'How much coffee do you drink?' 'Quite a \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 14 'What's the time?' 'It's half \_\_\_\_\_ three.'
- 15 They \_\_\_\_\_ like the film – they left after ten minutes.
- 16 I spoke to him on the phone ten minutes \_\_\_\_\_.

8

2 Underline the correct word or phrase in each sentence.

Example: My father **work** / **works** in a bank.

- 1 She's my **childrens** / **children's** teacher.
- 2 I **have always** / **always have** breakfast at home.
- 3 They're **beautiful flowers** / **flowers beautiful**.
- 4 I don't like **get up** / **getting up** early.
- 5 We don't have **some** / **any** money.
- 6 Please drive **careful** / **carefully**. The weather's bad.
- 7 Can we meet **on** / **in** Monday evening?
- 8 My father's **doctor** / **a doctor**.
- 9 I have **a lot of** / **a lot** brothers and sisters.
- 10 'Is that his umbrella?' 'No, it's **ours** / **our**.'

5

## 3 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets.

Example: John and Mary have (have) two children.

- 1 Simon \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) at work yesterday.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a new car last week.
- 3 My sister \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music at the moment.
- 4 We \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) a holiday next year.
- 5 Where \_\_\_\_\_ (be) he yesterday morning?
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_\_ (break) your leg?
- 7 I \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) to France. Is it nice?
- 8 They \_\_\_\_\_ (not drive) to London, they got the train.
- 9 \_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a party next week?
- 10 Who \_\_\_\_\_ (be) the three greatest politicians of the twentieth century?
- 11 He has an exam tomorrow so he \_\_\_\_\_ (study) now.
- 12 She \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) writing postcards.
- 13 How often \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (use) your mobile?
- 14 Emma \_\_\_\_\_ (write) him a letter two days ago.

7

Grammar total

20



## VOCABULARY

## 4 What are these things?

Example: *It's a pencil.*1  \_\_\_\_\_.2  \_\_\_\_\_.3  \_\_\_\_\_.4  \_\_\_\_\_.5  \_\_\_\_\_.

## What are they doing?

Example: *He's using a computer.*6  \_\_\_\_\_.7  \_\_\_\_\_.8  \_\_\_\_\_.9  \_\_\_\_\_.10  \_\_\_\_\_.

## 5 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: Can I use my credit card, please?

wallet card money

1 My sister works in an office. She's a \_\_\_\_\_.

builder musician receptionist

2 I work for a newspaper. I'm a \_\_\_\_\_.

journalist politician lawyer

3 My mother's brother is my \_\_\_\_\_.

grandfather nephew uncle

4 The opposite of expensive is \_\_\_\_\_.

safe cheap empty

5 We eat in the \_\_\_\_\_.

bathroom garage dining room

6 You can buy food at a \_\_\_\_\_.

pharmacy market post office

7 I need some \_\_\_\_\_ for this letter.

keys stamps coins

8 My brother's daughter is my \_\_\_\_\_.

granddaughter sister niece

9 My father's a \_\_\_\_\_. He flies all over the world.

pilot builder nurse

10 The opposite of safe is \_\_\_\_\_.

dangerous difficult different

5

## 6 What's the next word?

Example: one, two, three

1 ten, twenty, \_\_\_\_\_

2 Monday, Tuesday, \_\_\_\_\_

3 July, August, \_\_\_\_\_

4 third, fourth, \_\_\_\_\_

5 eight hundred, nine hundred, \_\_\_\_\_

6 spring, summer, \_\_\_\_\_

3

5

## 7 What's the word?

Example: She walks to work every day.

- 1 Do you have a lighter or some m\_\_\_\_\_?
- 2 What's your m\_\_\_\_\_ number?
- 3 This is my i\_\_\_\_\_ card.
- 4 Do you want to c\_\_\_\_\_ a taxi?
- 5 After work she g\_\_\_\_\_ to the gym.
- 6 A c\_\_\_\_\_ is a place where you can buy medicine.
- 7 He s\_\_\_\_\_ for eight hours a night.
- 8 The opposite of tall is s\_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 If you break your leg you have to go to h\_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 I d\_\_\_\_\_ a Volkswagen.
- 11 I always w\_\_\_\_\_ up early.
- 12 Your son's daughter is your g\_\_\_\_\_.
- 13 She often t\_\_\_\_\_ by plane.
- 14 I c\_\_\_\_\_ dinner at 8.00 p.m.

	7
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Vocabulary total	20
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## PRONUNCIATION

## 8 Write the words in the correct place.

beautiful breakfast friend ~~how~~ juice leave  
people ~~slow~~ phone thought thousand  
water



- |            |             |         |
|------------|-------------|---------|
| <u>how</u> | <u>slow</u> | 1 _____ |
| 2 _____    | 3 _____     | 4 _____ |
- 
- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |
| 5 _____   | 6 _____   | 7 _____   |
| 8 _____   | 9 _____   | 10 _____  |

	5
--	---

## 9 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 healthy
- 2 tomatoes
- 3 beautiful
- 4 aggressive
- 5 summer
- 6 completely
- 7 vegetables
- 8 engineer
- 9 behind
- 10 politician

	5
--	---

Pronunciation total	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
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## GRAMMAR

- 1 Underline the correct word or phrase in each sentence.

Example: My sister's a doctor / **doctor**.

- 1 They're **beautiful shoes** / **shoes beautiful**.
- 2 She's my **children's** / **childrens'** English teacher.
- 3 Can we meet **on** / **in** Friday morning?
- 4 I don't like **get up** / **getting up** late.
- 5 My father **works** / **work** in an office.
- 6 I **have always** / **always have** lunch at a café.
- 7 I don't have **some** / **any** money.
- 8 'Is that her car?' 'No, it's **our** / **ours**.'
- 9 Please drive **carefully** / **careful**. The weather's bad.
- 10 I have **a lot** / **a lot of** uncles and aunts.

5

- 2 Complete the sentences.

Example: This bag's mine. Look! It's got my name on it.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher live in Cambridge?
- 2 I usually get up late \_\_\_\_\_ Saturdays.
- 3 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ interesting film I've ever seen.
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ sing, but I can play the piano.
- 5 Is \_\_\_\_\_ any cheese in the fridge?
- 6 I'm taller \_\_\_\_\_ my father.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ you from China?
- 8 'Would you like to fly a plane?' 'No, I \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 9 I spoke to him on the phone 20 minutes \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 I hardly \_\_\_\_\_ watch TV in the evening.
- 11 \_\_\_\_\_ were a lot of people at the theatre last night.
- 12 We \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish, we're Brazilian.
- 13 'How much tea do you drink?' 'Quite a \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 14 'What's the time?' 'It's half \_\_\_\_\_ five.'
- 15 'What's that?' 'It's \_\_\_\_\_ identity card.'
- 16 They \_\_\_\_\_ like the film – they left after 20 minutes.

8

- 3 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets.

Example: They didn't drive (not drive) to Edinburgh, they got the bus.

- 1 Steven \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) at work on Tuesday.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a new book last weekend.
- 3 Who \_\_\_\_\_ (be) the three greatest artists of the twentieth century?
- 4 Emma \_\_\_\_\_ (write) him an e-mail four days ago.
- 5 Where \_\_\_\_\_ (be) he on Wednesday afternoon?
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) a holiday next month.
- 7 Elizabeth and Ben \_\_\_\_\_ (have) three dogs.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_\_ (break) your arm?
- 9 I \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) to Spain. Is it nice?
- 10 He has an exam on Thursday so he \_\_\_\_\_ (study) now.
- 11 My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music at the moment.
- 12 \_\_\_\_\_ James \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a party next week?
- 13 She \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) writing letters.
- 14 How often \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (use) your car?

7

Grammar total 20

## VOCABULARY

## 4 What's the word?

Example: Do you want to call a taxi?

- 1 Do you have a lighter or some **m**\_\_\_\_\_?
- 2 She often **t**\_\_\_\_\_ by plane.
- 3 The opposite of tall is **s**\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 What's your **m**\_\_\_\_\_ number?
- 5 This is my **i**\_\_\_\_\_ card.
- 6 Your son's daughter is your **g**\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 A **c**\_\_\_\_\_ is a place where you can buy medicine.
- 8 After work she **g**\_\_\_\_\_ to the gym.
- 9 He **s**\_\_\_\_\_ for eight hours a night.
- 10 She **w**\_\_\_\_\_ to work every day.
- 11 If you break your leg you have to go to **h**\_\_\_\_\_.
- 12 I **d**\_\_\_\_\_ a Volkswagen.
- 13 I **c**\_\_\_\_\_ dinner at 8.00 p.m.
- 14 I always **w**\_\_\_\_\_ up early.

7

## 5 What's the next word?

Example: twenty, thirty, forty

- 1 eight hundred, nine hundred, \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Tuesday, Wednesday, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 three, four, \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 August, September, \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 winter, spring, \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 fifth, sixth, \_\_\_\_\_

3

## 6 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: My brother's daughter is my niece.

granddaughter sister niece

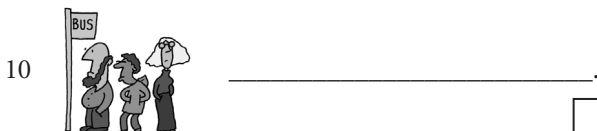
- 1 I work for a newspaper. I'm a \_\_\_\_\_.  
journalist politician lawyer
- 2 My sister works in an office. She's a \_\_\_\_\_.  
builder musician receptionist
- 3 My mother's brother is my \_\_\_\_\_.  
grandfather nephew uncle
- 4 Can I use my credit \_\_\_\_\_, please?  
wallet card money
- 5 The opposite of expensive is \_\_\_\_\_.  
safe cheap empty
- 6 The opposite of safe is \_\_\_\_\_.  
dangerous difficult different
- 7 You can buy food at a \_\_\_\_\_.  
pharmacy market post office
- 8 We eat in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
bathroom garage dining room
- 9 I need some \_\_\_\_\_ for this letter.  
keys stamps coins
- 10 My father's a \_\_\_\_\_. He flies all over the world.  
pilot builder nurse

5

## 7 What are these things?

Example: *It's a watch.*

What are they doing?

Example: *He's riding a bicycle.*

## PRONUNCIATION

## 8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 tomatoes
- 2 healthy
- 3 completely
- 4 aggressive
- 5 summer
- 6 politician
- 7 vegetables
- 8 engineer
- 9 beautiful
- 10 behind

5

## 9 Write the words in the correct place.

beautiful breakfast friend how juice leave  
 people slow phone thought thousand  
 water



breakfast



leave



1

2

3

4



5



6



7

8

9

10

5

Pronunciation total

10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

50

5

Vocabulary total

20

## READING

- 1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

### The frozen extremes of the earth

The Arctic in the north and the Antarctic in the south are at opposite ends of the planet, but they are similar in many ways. Both are lands of ice and snow, where the temperature in winter can be so low that your skin can freeze in seconds – it can be as low as  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Very few animals are able to survive these conditions, but there are some both in the north and in the south. The Arctic has more plants and animals than the Antarctic, including polar bears, the largest bear in the world. In the south there are no land animals because of the extreme cold, but there are penguins and other sea animals that live on or near the coast – although both in the north and the south the sea is frozen for much of the year.

One difference between the Arctic and the Antarctic is the human population. In parts of the Arctic there are towns and villages. Greenland, for example, the largest island in the world, has a population of 55,000 people. Many of these people work in fishing. They have a difficult life. There aren't many roads between towns and villages, so people travel by snowmobile or with dogs. From November to January it's dark for 24 hours a day, but from May to July there are 24 hours of daylight. In the Antarctic there are no normal towns and villages. Only scientists live there all year round, in special buildings called 'stations'. They study the sea animals and learn about the history of the world's climate by studying the weather and the ice. It's a hard place to live, especially in winter, but many of them love it there and return again and again.

Example: The Antarctic is the coldest place in the world.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☒

- 1 There aren't any animals in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 2 No people live in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 3 There aren't any buildings in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 4 It is usually  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 5 The sea in the Antarctic is usually frozen.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 6 There aren't any sea animals in the Arctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 7 In Greenland, people don't work in winter.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 8 There aren't many roads in Greenland.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 9 In Greenland in October it's light all the time.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9

- 2 Write *the Arctic* or *the Antarctic*.

Example: It's at the South Pole. *the Antarctic*

- 1 There aren't many roads. \_\_\_\_\_

- 2 Some land animals live here. \_\_\_\_\_

- 3 Few people live here all the time. \_\_\_\_\_

- 4 People use dogs to help them travel. \_\_\_\_\_

- 5 In June it's light for 24 hours a day. \_\_\_\_\_

- 6 There are no towns and villages here. \_\_\_\_\_

6

Reading total

15

## WRITING

Answer these three questions. Write 25–35 words for each question.

- 1 What's your favourite day of the week? Why?

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- 2 Describe a good friend of yours.

---

---

---

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- 3 Describe your best holiday.

---

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10

Reading and Writing total

25

## READING

1 Read the text and choose the correct answer.

*The frozen extremes of the earth*

The Arctic in the north and the Antarctic in the south are at opposite ends of the planet, but they are similar in many ways. Both are lands of ice and snow, where the temperature in winter can be so low that your skin can freeze in seconds – it can be as low as  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Very few animals are able to survive these conditions, but there are some both in the north and in the south. The Arctic has more plants and animals than the Antarctic, including polar bears, the largest bear in the world. In the south there are no land animals because of the extreme cold, but there are penguins and other sea animals that live on or near the coast – although both in the north and the south the sea is frozen for much of the year.

One difference between the Arctic and the Antarctic is the human population. In parts of the Arctic there are towns and villages. Greenland, for example, the largest island in the world, has a population of 55,000 people. Many of these people work in fishing. They have a difficult life. There aren't many roads between towns and villages, so people travel by snowmobile or with dogs. From November to January it's dark for 24 hours a day, but from May to July there are 24 hours of daylight. In the Antarctic there are no normal towns and villages. Only scientists live there all year round, in special buildings called 'stations'. They study the sea animals and learn about the history of the world's climate by studying the weather and the ice. It's a hard place to live, especially in winter, but many of them love it there and return again and again.

Example: The Antarctic is the coldest place in the world.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☒

1 There aren't any animals in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 Some people live in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 There aren't any villages in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

4 It is usually  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  in the Antarctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 The sea in the Antarctic is always frozen.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

6 There are some sea animals in the Arctic.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

7 In Greenland, people don't work in winter.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

8 There are some roads in Greenland.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9 In Greenland in December it's dark all the time.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9

2 Write *the Arctic* or *the Antarctic*.

Example: It's at the South Pole. *the Antarctic*

1 Scientists sometimes live here. \_\_\_\_\_

2 No land animals live here. \_\_\_\_\_

3 People live here all the time. \_\_\_\_\_

4 There are more plants here. \_\_\_\_\_

5 In December it's dark for 24 hours a day. \_\_\_\_\_

6 There aren't any towns or villages here. \_\_\_\_\_

6

Reading total

15

## WRITING

Answer these three questions. Write 25–35 words for each question.

1 What did you do last weekend?

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2 What is there for tourists to do in your town or city?

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3 Describe your house or flat.

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10

Reading and Writing total

25

## LISTENING

1 You will hear five short conversations. You will hear each conversation twice. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 A He was born in Argentina. ☐
- B He was born in the USA. ☐
- C He was born in France. ☐
- 2 A The shop only sells cheap shoes. ☐
- B The shop sells cheap and expensive shoes. ☐
- C The shop only sells expensive shoes. ☐
- 3 A He thought the film was quite good. ☐
- B He thought Tom Hanks was very good. ☐
- C He thought the film was very bad. ☐
- 4 A They didn't go out on Saturday. ☐
- B They didn't go out on Friday. ☐
- C They didn't go out on Friday or Saturday. ☐
- 5 A She woke up at 7.30. ☐
- B She got up at 7.00. ☐
- C She got up at 7.30. ☐

2 You will hear two people talking about their favourite times. Write the letter (A–E) next to each person.

## person

Cristina ☐ ☐Udom ☐ ☐ ☐

## favourite times, days, etc.

A December

B Christmas

C Friday

D winter

E 10 p.m.

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25

## LISTENING

1 You will hear five short conversations. You will hear each conversation twice. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 A His parents are from Argentina. ☐
- B His parents are from France. ☐
- C His mother is French and his father is Argentinian. ☐
- 2 A Her shoes are new and expensive. ☐
- B Her shoes are old and cheap. ☐
- C Her shoes are new and cheap. ☐
- 3 A He thought Tom Hanks was quite good. ☐
- B He thought the film was very good. ☐
- C He thought Tom Hanks was very good. ☐
- 4 A They were tired on Thursday night. ☐
- B They were tired on Friday night. ☐
- C They were tired on Saturday night. ☐
- 5 A She got up at 7.30. ☐
- B She got up at 7.00. ☐
- C She woke up at 7.30. ☐

2 You will hear two people talking about their favourite times. Write the letter (A–E) next to each person.

## person

Cristina ☐ ☐ ☐Udom ☐ ☐

## favourite times, days, etc.

A the morning

B Thursday

C the New Year

D spring

E July

Listening total ☐ 10Speaking total ☐ 15Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25



## SPEAKING STUDENT A

## 1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Where do you live?
- 2 What's your job?
- 3 Where were born?
- 4 What do you do in your free time?
- 5 Where did you go for your last holiday?
- 6 Have you ever visited a very hot place? Where? When?
- 7 What music do you like?
- 8 What are you going to do next weekend?

Now answer your partner's questions.

## 2 Read the information and answer your partner's questions.

**Bexhill Summer Festival**

Elm Grove Park

Saturday 13 August

Ten bands

Five DJs

Acoustic tent

2 p.m. till 11 p.m.

Food from around the world

Licensed bar open until 11.00 p.m.

£15

Now ask your partner these questions about a restaurant.

- What / name / restaurant?
- What / kind / food?
- Where / ?
- / open / every day?
- What time / open / Saturday?

## SPEAKING STUDENT B

1 Answer your partner's questions.  
Now ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What do you do?
- 2 Where were you born?
- 3 What's your address?
- 4 What did you do last weekend?
- 5 Have you ever visited a very cold place? Where? When?
- 6 How many languages do you speak?
- 7 Can you play any musical instruments? Which?
- 8 Where are you going to go for your next holiday?

## 2 Your partner has information about a music festival. Ask your partner these questions.

- Where / festival?
- How much / ?
- What time / bar / close?
- / buy food and drink?
- What time / finish?

Now read this information about a restaurant and answer your partner's questions.

**The Red Lion**

Deddington Road

Oxford

Fine British and international food

Open for lunch and dinner seven days a week.

Opening hours Monday to Saturday 11.00 a.m. – 3.00 p.m. and 6.30 p.m. – 11.00 p.m., Sunday 12.00 a.m. – 3.00 p.m. and 7.00 p.m. – 10.30 p.m.

For reservations call 01865 372982