

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences.

Example: Are you from Italy?

- 1 We _____ British, we're American.
- 2 'What's that?' 'It's _____ identity card.'
- 3 _____ your teacher live in London?
- 4 I usually get up late _____ Sundays.
- 5 I _____ sing, but I can play the guitar.
- 6 This bag's _____. Look! It's got my name on it.
- 7 Is _____ any milk in the fridge?
- 8 I'm taller _____ my brother.
- 9 'Would you like to fly a plane?' 'No, I _____.'
- 10 I hardly _____ watch TV at the weekend.
- 11 _____ were a lot of people at the cinema last night.
- 12 It's the _____ interesting book I've ever read.
- 13 'How much coffee do you drink?' 'Quite a _____.'
- 14 'What's the time?' 'It's half _____ three.'
- 15 They _____ like the film – they left after 10 minutes.
- 16 I spoke to him on the phone ten minutes _____.

8

2 Underline the correct form.

Example: My father **work** / **works** in a bank.

- 1 She's my **childrens** / **children's** teacher.
- 2 I **have always** / I **always have** breakfast at home.
- 3 They're **beautiful flowers** / **flowers beautiful**.
- 4 I don't like **get up** / **getting up** early.
- 5 We don't have **some** / **any** money.
- 6 Please drive **careful** / **carefully**. The weather's bad.
- 7 Can we meet **on** / **in** Monday evening?
- 8 My father's **doctor** / **a doctor**.
- 9 I have **a lot of** / **a lot** brothers and sisters.
- 10 'Is that his umbrella?' 'No, it's **ours** / **our**.'

5

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: John and Mary have (have) two children.

- 1 Simon _____ (not be) at work yesterday.
- 2 I _____ (buy) a new car last week.
- 3 My sister _____ (listen) to music at the moment.
- 4 We _____ (not have) a holiday next year.
- 5 Where _____ (be) he yesterday morning?
- 6 _____ you ever _____ (break) your leg?
- 7 I _____ (not be) to France. Is it nice?
- 8 They _____ (not drive) to London – they got the train.
- 9 _____ she _____ (have) a party next week?
- 10 Who _____ (be) the three greatest politicians of the twentieth century?
- 11 He has an exam tomorrow, so he _____ (study) now.
- 12 She _____ (not like) writing postcards.
- 13 How often _____ you _____ (use) your mobile?
- 14 Emma _____ (write) him a letter two days ago.

7

Grammar total 20

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the words in the sentences.

Example: We go to the supermarket every Saturday morning.

- 1 I sometimes have an e_____ for breakfast.
- 2 I must buy a new w_____. I'm always late for work!
- 3 I gave my brother a w_____ for his birthday last year. He often loses his money.
- 4 I usually have s_____ for lunch. I love bread.
- 5 I want to write something – can I borrow your p_____, please?
- 6 I have a c_____ at home but I don't use it very often. I check my emails at work.
- 7 I was late for work because the b_____ was late.
- 8 I read the n_____ every day.
- 9 She's listening to the news on the r_____.
- 10 I read two b_____ when I was on holiday last summer.

5

5 Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Can I use my credit ____, please?

A wallet ☐ B card ☒ C money ☐

1 My sister works in an office. She's a ____.

A builder ☐ B musician ☐ C receptionist ☐

2 I work for a newspaper. I'm a ____.

A journalist ☐ B politician ☐ C lawyer ☐

3 My mother's brother is my ____.

A grandfather ☐ B nephew ☐ C uncle ☐4 The opposite of *expensive* is ____.A safe ☐ B cheap ☐ C empty ☐

5 We eat in the ____.

A bathroom ☐ B bedroom ☐C dining room ☐

6 You can buy food at a ____.

A pharmacy ☐ B market ☐ C post office ☐

7 I need some ____ for this letter, please.

A keys ☐ B stamps ☐ C coins ☐

8 My brother's daughter is my ____.

A granddaughter ☐ B sister ☐ C niece ☐

9 My father's a _____. He flies all over the world.

A pilot ☐ B builder ☐ C nurse ☐10 The opposite of *safe* is ____.A dangerous ☐ B difficult ☐ C different ☐☐ 5

7 Complete the words in the sentences.

Example: She walks to work every day.1 Do you have a lighter or some m_____?2 What's your m_____ phone number?3 This is my i_____ card.4 Do you want to c_____ a taxi?5 After work she g_____ to the gym.6 A c_____ is a place where you can buy medicine.7 He s_____ for eight hours a night.8 The opposite of *tall* is s_____.9 If you break your leg you have to go to h_____.10 I d_____ a Volkswagen.11 I always w_____ up early.12 Your son's daughter is your g_____.13 She often t_____ by plane.14 I usually c_____ dinner at 8.00.☐ 7Vocabulary total ☐ 20

6 What is the next word?

Example: one, two, three

1 ten, twenty, _____

2 Monday, Tuesday, _____

3 July, August, _____

4 third, fourth, _____

5 eight hundred, nine hundred, _____

6 spring, summer, _____

☐ 3

PRONUNCIATION

8 Match the words with the same sounds.

beautiful leave ~~friend~~ see juice breakfast
~~said~~ slow phone thought water wet

Example: red friend said

wall 1 _____ 2 _____
 shoe 3 _____ 4 _____
 home 5 _____ 6 _____
 tree 7 _____ 8 _____
 red 9 _____ 10 _____

	5
--	---

9 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: coffee

- 1 healthy
- 2 tomatoes
- 3 beautiful
- 4 aggressive
- 5 summer
- 6 completely
- 7 vegetables
- 8 engineer
- 9 behind
- 10 politician

	5
--	---

Pronunciation total		10
---------------------	--	----

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
--	--	----

READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

The frozen extremes of the earth

The Arctic in the north and the Antarctic in the south are at opposite ends of the planet, but they are similar in many ways. Both are lands of ice and snow, where the temperature in winter can be so low that your skin can freeze in seconds – it can be as low as -80°C . Very few animals are able to survive these conditions, but there are some both in the north and in the south. The Arctic has more plants and animals than the Antarctic, including polar bears, the largest bear in the world. In the south there are no land animals because of the extreme cold, but there are penguins and other sea animals that live on or near the coast – although both in the north and the south the sea is frozen for much of the year.

One difference between the Arctic and the Antarctic is the human population. In parts of the Arctic there are towns and villages – Greenland, for example, the largest island in the world, has a population of 55,000 people. Many of these people work in fishing. They have a difficult life. There aren't many roads between towns and villages, so people travel by snowmobile or with dogs. From November to January it's dark for 24 hours a day, but from May to July there are 24 hours of daylight. In the Antarctic there are no normal towns and villages. Only scientists live there all year round, in special buildings called 'stations'. They study the sea animals and learn about the history of the world's climate by studying the weather and the ice. It's a hard place to live, especially in winter, but many of them love it there and return again and again.

Example: The Antarctic is the coldest place in the world.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☒

- There aren't any animals in the Antarctic.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- No people live in the Antarctic.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- There aren't any buildings in the Antarctic.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- It is usually -80 degrees in the Antarctic.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- The sea in the Arctic is often frozen.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- There aren't any sea animals in the Arctic.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- In Greenland, people don't work in winter.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- There aren't any roads in Greenland.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- In Greenland in June it's light all the time.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

9

2 Write *the Arctic* or *the Antarctic*.Example: It's at the South Pole. the Antarctic

- There aren't many roads. _____
- Some land animals live here. _____
- Few people live here all the time. _____
- People use dogs to help them travel. _____
- In June it's light for 24 hours a day. _____
- There are some towns and villages here. _____

6

Reading total 15

WRITING

Answer the questions. Write 25–35 words for each question.

- What's your favourite day of the week? Why?
- Describe a good friend of yours.
- Describe your best holiday.

Writing total 10

Reading and Writing total 25

LISTENING

1 Listen to the conversation. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: Helen's full name is _____.

A Helen R. Castle ☐

B Helen Hardcastle ☒

C Helen Ardcastle ☐

1 At the moment, Helen has a job in _____.

A sales ☐ B art ☐ C design ☐

2 In Helen's opinion, a sales person's job is _____.

A more interesting than a designer's ☐

B better paid than a designer's ☐

C easier than a designer's ☐

3 Helen usually works _____.

A at home ☐ B in a college ☐

C in an office ☐

4 In her job, Helen has been to _____.

A a lot of countries ☐ B some countries ☐

C no countries ☐

5 In the future, Helen hopes that she is going to be _____.

A famous ☐ B better paid ☐ C married ☐

☐ 5

2 Listen to five speakers. Match them to the questions they are answering.

Speaker 1 ☐

Speaker 2 ☐

Speaker 3 ☐

Speaker 4 ☐

Speaker 5 ☐

A What are your favourite types of music?

B What time do you get up at the weekend?

C Where did you go for your holidays last summer?

D What's the best book you've ever read?

E What are you going to do when you leave school?

☐ 5

Listening total ☐ 10

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

1 Where do you live?

2 What's your job?

3 Where were you born?

4 What do you do in your free time?

5 Where did you go for your last holiday?

6 Have you ever visited a very hot place? Where? When?

7 What music do you like?

8 What are you going to do next weekend?

Now answer your partner's questions.

2 Read the information and answer your partner's questions.

Bexhill Summer festival

Elm Grove Park

Saturday 13th August

Ten bands

Five DJs

Acoustic tent

2.00 p.m. till 11.00 p.m.

Food from round the world

Licensed bar open until 11.00 p.m.

£15

3 Now ask your partner these questions about a restaurant.

• What / name / restaurant

• What / kind / food?

• Where?

• / open / every day?

• What time / open / Saturday?

Speaking total ☐ 15

Listening and Speaking total ☐ 25